# The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, —PERSEVERE.— Editor and Proprietor.

VOL. XIV. HUNTINGDON, PA., JUNE 8, 1859. NO. 50.



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### Songs.

| | |
|---|---|
| Alone on Earth I Wander, as sung by Mlle. Parodi, | 25 |
| Annie the Pride of my Heart, by Winner, | 25 |
| Aunt Harriet Beecher Stowe, by Stephani, | 25 |
| Annie Laurie, as sung by Miss A. Mandervill, | 25 |
| Ave Maria, by Kucken, | 25 |
| Adieu to the Village, by Mrs. Elmes, | 25 |
| Auld Lang Syne, by Burns, | 6 |
| Bruise not my Heart, by Hargrave, | 25 |
| By the Sad Sea Waves, as sung by Parodi, | 25 |
| The Baby Show, by Colman, | 25 |
| Buttonwood Tree, by Winner, | 25 |
| Brides Farewell, by Williams, | 12½ |
| Bonnie Bessie Gray, by Glover, | 25 |
| Bay of Biscay'o, as sung by Mrs. Parodi, | 25 |
| Come out sweet maiden, by Stewart, | 25 |
| Child of the Regiment, arranged by Glover, | 25 |
| Cot in the Valley, by Hewitt, | 25 |
| Carry Ray or Down the Willow Hollow, by Colman, | 25 |
| Death of Lady Wallace, by T. P. Campbell, | 25 |
| Darling Nelly Gray, by Handy, | 25 |
| Down the Burn Davy love, by Burns, | 25 |
| Death of Ringgold, by Cooledge, | 25 |
| Dream is Past, by Glover, | 25 |
| Dermot Astore, by Crouch, | 25 |
| Dearest! I think of Thee! by Crouch, | 25 |
| Ever of Thee, by Hall, | 25 |
| Far, Far away from Thee, by Hewitt, | 12½ |
| Farewell if ever Fondest Prayer, by Berriot, | 25 |
| Gaily through life wonder, by Verdi, | 25 |
| Gentle Annie, by Foster, | 25 |
| Gentle Annie will you ever, by Forister, | 25 |
| Genius of the Spring, by Maria B. Hawes, | 25 |
| Gleam of Autumn's Golden Days, by Colman, | 25 |
| Grave of Uncle True, by Colman, | 25 |
| Gra Gial Machree, an Irish Ballad, by Crouch, | 25 |
| "He sleeps but not 'mid the Arctic snows," inscribed to the memory of Dr. E. L. Kane, by Beckel, | 25 |
| Hard times come again no more, by Foster, | 25 |
| Hear me, Norma, | 37½ |
| Here's a health to thee Mary, by Rodwell, | 12½ |
| Home Sweet Home, by Bishop, | 25 |
| Happy Moments now Returning, by Wieland, (Guitar,) | 25 |
| I'm dreaming of thee, by Lee, | 25 |
| I would not die in Spring time, by Moore, | 35 |
| I'll hang my harp on a willow tree, by Guernsey, | 12½ |
| I've flowers to sell, by Golding, | 25 |
| I have no Mother now, by Mortimer, | 25 |
| In my Heart an Image Dwelleth, by Magruder. | 25 |
| I have no Joy but in thy Smile, by Gosden, | 25 |
| I'll pray for thee, from Donizetti, | 25 |
| In a Lone Quiet Spot, by Hewitt, | 25 |
| In Vain I Seek for Joys Abroad, by Ulmo, | 25 |
| I'm Leaving thee in sorrow, Annie, by Baker, | 25 |
| It is better to Laugh than be Sighing, by Donizetti, | 25 |
| I have no Mother now, by Magruder, | 25 |
| John Anderson my Jo, by Kuzeluch, | 12½ |
| Juanita, Spanish Ballad, by Norton, | 25 |
| Kate Kearney, by Bradley, | 12½ |
| Kattie Avourneen, by Crouch, | 25 |
| Kathleen Mavourneen, by Crouch, | 25 |
| Kind Words will never Die, by Horace Waters, | 25 |
| Kiss me Quick and Go, by Buckley, (Guitar,) | 25 |
| Life is but an empty dream, by Westrop, | 25 |
| Lillee Lee, by Glover, | 25 |
| Long and Weary Day, | 25 |
| Little Nell, by Boswell, | 12½ |
| List to the Convent Bells, by Blockley, | 12½ |
| Lays of the Night, by Glover, | 38 |
| Lela, by Hargrave, | 25 |
| Lilly Clyde, by Hargrave, | 25 |
| Let us Meet, by Colman, | 25 |
| My Mother Dear, by Lover, | 25 |
| My Native Island, by Langlotz, | 12½ |
| My Native Home, by Deems, | 12½ |
| My Sister Dear, by Auber, | 12½ |
| My Mountain Kate, by Hewitt, | 25 |
| Moonlight on the Ocean, by Beckel, | 25 |
| May Breeze, by Kappes, | 25 |
| Memory, ballad, by H. G. Thunder, | 25 |
| Music and her Sister Song, by Glover, | 50 |
| Maniac Mother, by Hargrave, | 25 |
| Marseilles Hymn, by De Lisle, | 25 |
| Massa's Old Plantation, by Lake, | 25 |
| My Native Land Adieu, by Belisle, | 25 |
| Maiden of the Rhine, | 25 |
| Nestle thou Little One, by Maison, | 25 |
| Natalie, the Miller's Daughter, by Bochsa, | 30 |
| Oh! No they shall not see me weep, | 12½ |
| Oh! Soon Return, by Hewitt, | 12½ |
| Oh! Cast that Shadow from thy Brow, | 25 |
| Oh! Let me Weep, by Colman, | 25 |
| Oh! No we never talk in French, | 25 |
| Oh! Whisper what thou Feelest, by Richards, | 25 |
| Old Jessie, by Converse, (Guitar,) | 12½ |
| Pop goes the Weasel, by Converse. (Guitar,) | 25 |
| Strike the harp gently, by Woodbury, | 25 |
| Serenade, by Schubert, | 25 |
| Something You Cannot Help Liking, by Taylor, | 25 |
| Speak Gently, by Morse, | 25 |
| Sancta Mater, a Vesper Hymn, by Colman, | 25 |
| Star Spangled Banner, | 25 |
| Shells of the Ocean, by Cherry, | 25 |
| Ship Wrecked Sea Boy, by Forte, | 38 |
| Sunny Hours of Childhood, by Parodi, | 25 |
| Sleep Gentle Mother, by Lemon, | 25 |
| Standard Watch, by Lindpaintner, | 25 |
| The Longing, by Porter, | 35 |
| Teach Oh! Teach me to Forget, by Bishop, | 12½ |
| Tempest of the Heart, by Parodi, | 35 |
| The Heart That's Ever Thine, by Jullien, | 25 |
| The Indian Captive or the Absent Lover, Magruder, | 25 |
| The dearest spot on earth to me is home, by Wrighton, | 25 |
| Troubadour's Song, by Verdi, | 25 |
| Twenty Years Ago, by Langlotz, | 25 |
| Vilikins and his Dinah, | 25 |
| Valley of Chamouni, by Glover, | 25 |
| What's home without a mother, by Hawthorne, | 25 |
| What are the Wild Waves Saying, by Glover, | 25 |
| We Met by Chance, by Kucken, | 25 |
| We Met, 'twas in a Crowd, by Bayly, | 25 |
| When Night comes over the Plain, by Jeffreys, | 30 |
| When Stars are in the Quiet Skies, by Ball, | 25 |
| When the Swallows Homeward Fly, by Abt, | 25 |
| When in Hours of Anxious Sadness, | 25 |
| Within a Mile of Edinburg, by Scotch, | 25 |
| Yankee Doodle, as sung by Mad. T. Parodi, | 25 |

### Schottisches, Polkas, Quick Steps, Marches, Dances, &c.

| | |
|---|---|
| Adrianna Polka, by Mack, | 25 |
| Amelia Polka, | 25 |
| Affection Schottisch, by Southgate, | 25 |
| Amulet Schottisch, by Mrs. Saylor, | 25 |
| Amelia Schottisch, by Cooper. | 25 |
| Annie Laurie Schottisch, by Winner, | 35 |
| Amateur set of Polkas, by Bellak, each | 15 |
| Aeolian Polka, by Colman, | 25 |
| Agricultural Quick Step, by Beck, | 12½ |
| Brother Jonathan Polka, by Porter, | 25 |
| Bella Donna Schottisch, by Holden, | 25 |
| Bohemian Polka, by Houser, | 6 |
| Coral Schottisch, by Kleber, | 25 |
| Circassian Polka, by De Albert. | 50 |
| Cherry Valley Polka Brilliant, by Bubna, | 50 |
| College Hornpipe, Fisher's Hornpipe, | 6 |
| Come Soldiers Come Quick Step, | 12½ |
| Douglas grand march, by Walker, | 35 |
| Diamond Schottisch, by Saylor, | 25 |
| Daybreak Polka, by Szemelenyi, | 25 |
| Deliciosa Polka, | 15 |
| Dahlia Gallopade, by Dister, | 12½ |
| Durangs Hornpipe and Money Musk, | 6 |
| Dandy Jim and Old Dan Tucker, | 6 |
| Edinburg Schottisch, by Kerseen, | 25 |
| Emma Polka, by Miss Emma Todd, | 25 |
| Eugenia Polka, by Wallersteine, | 25 |
| Electric Quick Step, by Burcheim, | 12½ |
| Eugenia Dance, by Bubna, | 25 |
| Four Bells Polka, by Cook, | 40 |
| Five Bells Polka, by Cook, | 50 |
| Fairfield Schottisch, by Colman, | 25 |
| Fountain Schottisch, by Magruder, | 25 |
| Fairy Lake Schottisch, by Mack, | 25 |
| Fanny-Ole Schottisch, by John, | 25 |
| Fillibuster Polka, by Thunder, | 25 |
| Few Days or Go-a-head Quick Step, by Magruder, | 25 |
| Gipsey Polka, by Bubna, | 25 |
| Gipsey Schottische, | 35 |
| Grand Russian March, | 12½ |
| Gallopade Quadrille, | 12½ |
| Hand Organ Polka, by Lisle, | 25 |
| Henrietta Polka, by Pfieffer, | 12½ |
| Hard Up Schottisch, by Bubna, | 15 |
| Hero's Quick Step, by Schmidt, | 12½ |
| Hail Columbia, | 15 |
| Harrisburg Serenade March, by H. Coyle, | 12½ |
| Jenny Lind's Favorite Polka, by Wallerstein, | 12½ |
| John Allen Schottisch, by Clark, | 12½ |
| Josephine Mazurk Dance, | 35 |
| Katy-Did Polka, by Jullien, | 50 |
| Lancers Quadrille, by Bubna, | 35 |
| Love Schottisch, by Cook, | 40 |
| Love, Pleasure and Mirth Gallop, | 25 |
| La Bella Donna Schottisch, by Holden, | 25 |
| Lover's Dream Schottisch, by Kerk, | 25 |
| Love Not Quick Step, by Hartman, | 12½ |
| Lancaster Quick Step, by H. Coyle, | 12½ |
| Ladies Reception March, by Frailey, | 12½ |
| Letitia Mazurka, Dance, by Bubna, | 25 |
| Mandaline Polka, by Mack, | 25 |
| Musidora Polka Mazurka, by Talexy, | 25 |
| Mountain Sylph Polka, | 25 |
| Maryland Institute Schottisch, by Magruder, | 38 |
| My Partner's Polka, by Magruder, | 50 |
| Martha Quick Step, | 15 |
| Morgan Schottisch, by Bubna, | 25 |
| Mount Vernon Polka, by Mirtle, | 25 |
| Mount Pleasant Polka, by Boyer, | 25 |
| Marseillaise Hymn, by Spindler, | 15 |
| New York Ledger Schottisch, by Magruder, | 25 |
| New School Dances, Schottisch, by Bubna, | 40 |
| Our American Cousin Polka, by Jarvis, | 35 |
| Opera House Polka, by Kerk, | 25 |
| Ocean Wave, by Russel, | 6 |
| Polka Des Zouaves, by Prince. | 50 |
| Pretty Dear Schottisch, | 15 |
| Peak Family Schottisch, by Kerk, | 25 |
| Pin Cushion Polka, | 15 |
| President's March, | 6 |
| Rainbow Schottisch, | 35 |
| Rochester Schottisch, | 12½ |
| Ready Money Polka, by Bubna, | 25 |
| Rebecca Schottische, by James, | 25 |
| Remembrance Polka, by Hassler, | 30 |
| Rennie Polka, by Walker, | 25 |
| Rebecca Polka, by Vollandt, | 25 |
| Ringlet Polka, by Blasius, | 25 |
| Remembrance Quick Step, by Durocher, | 25 |
| Russian Grand March, by Spindler, | 15 |
| Russian March, | 6 |
| Reception Grand March, by Wiesel, | 12½ |
| Rory O'More, | 6 |
| Silveretta Polka, by Kyle, | 25 |
| Snowdrop Schottisch, by Edwards, | 25 |
| Sontag Bouquet Schottisch, by Magruder, | 35 |
| Snow Flake Schottisch, by Bellak, | 25 |
| Sontag Polka, by D'Albert, | 35 |
| Saratoga Polka, by Korponay, | 12½ |
| Sultan Polka, | 25 & 15 |
| Star Company Polka, by Winner, | 25 |
| Sky Blue Polka, by Stayman, | 25 |
| Spanish Retreat Quick Step, | 12½ |
| Storm March Gallop, by Bilse, | 25 |
| Sailor Boy's Set; Rat-Catcher's Daughter, &c., | 25 |
| Spanish Dance, Nos. 1 & 2, | 6 |
| Tulip Orange Polka Mazurka, by Jourdan, | 25 |
| The Gerald Polka, by Hogan, | 25 |
| Three Bells Polka, by Cook, | 50 |
| Thistle Schottisch, by Winner, | 30 |
| Traviata Quadrille, by Bellak, | 30 |
| The Titus March, | 6 |
| Uncle True set of Cotillions, by Marsh, | 25 |
| Vaillance Polka, | 15 |
| Wave Schottisch, by Magruder, | 25 |
| World's Fair Polka, by Beckel, | 12½ |
| Washington's March, | 6 |
| Wood Up, or the Mississippi Quick Step, by Holloway, | 12½ |
| Watson's Funeral March, by Kimball, | 12½ |

### Waltzes.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bird Waltz, by Panormo, | 25 |
| Brightest Eye, by Bellak, | 15 |
| Dodge Waltz, by Marsh, | 12½ |
| Diamond State Polka Waltz, by Marsh, | 25 |
| Dreams of Youth Waltz, by Lenschow, | 25 |
| Dawn Waltz, by H. Louel, | 25 |
| Elfin Waltz, | 12½ |
| Evening Star Waltz, by Beyer, | 25 |
| Excursion Waltz, by Magruder, | 25 |
| Gertrud's Dream Waltz, by Beethoven, | 25 |
| Home as a Waltz, | 6 |
| Juan Grand Waltz, | 25 |
| Jovial Waltz, by Herz, | 12½ |
| Know Nothing Waltz, by Miss Clark, | 25 |
| Linden Waltz, by Czerny, | 12½ |
| Mollie's Dream Waltz, by Reissiger, | 25 |
| Midnight-hour Waltz, by Wallace, | 15 |
| Moonbeam Waltz, by Bellak, | 15 |
| Morning Star Waltz, by Beyer, | 25 |
| Medallion Waltz, by Colman, | 25 |
| Ole Bull Waltz, by Allen, | 12½ |
| Orange Waltz, by Marsh, | 12½ |
| Prima Donna Waltzes, by Jullien, | 38 |
| Redowa Waltz, by Labitzky, | 25 |
| Shower of Diamonds, by Linter, | 50 |
| Silver Lake Waltz, by Spindler, | 25 |
| Trivolian Waltz, | 6 |
| Traviata Waltz, | 15 |

### Airs from the most celebrated Operas, arranged for the Piano, with and without Variations.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amanda Mazurka, by De Bubna, | 25 |
| Anvil Chorus, (from Il Trovatore,) | 15 |
| Anna Bolena Galop, | 15 |
| Air Montagnard, simplified by Bellak, | 15 |
| Album from La Traviata, arranged by Detta, | 25 |
| Bohemian Girl, | 15 |
| Brighter than the Stars, by Max Tzorr, | 25 |
| Cavatina, by Hunter, | 15 |
| Drops of Water, by Ascher, | 50 |
| Don Pasquale Serenade, arranged by Spindler, | 15 |
| DrQuella Pira, from Il Trovatore, by Tzorr, | 25 |
| Fierce Flames are Raging, by Tzorr, | 25 |
| Fille Du Regiment, by Spindler, | 15 |
| Gran Dio, from La Traviata, by Detta, | 25 |
| Gipsey Chorus, from La Traviata, by Detta, | 25 |
| Grave of Uncle True with variations, by Bubna, | 40 |
| Galop Bachique, | 15 |
| Home, Sweet Home, with brilliant Variations, | 50 |
| Hymn to the Virgin, by Schwing, | 38 |
| Home Sweet Home, | 15 |
| Hob Nob and The Morning Star, | 6 |
| In Whispers Soft, &c., by Detta, | 25 |
| Kate Darling and Life let us Cherish, | 6 |
| La Traviata a Fantasie, by Jungmann, | 75 |
| La Bayadere, by Bellak, | 15 |
| La Traviata, (drinking song,) | 15 |
| Lucy Neale and Dance Boatmen Dance, | 6 |
| Libiamo, from La Traviata, by Verdi, | 25 |
| Monastery Bell, | 15 |
| Maiden's Prayer, by Spindler, | 15 |
| Macbeth, by Spindler, | 15 |
| Miserere, from Il Trovatore, by Max Tzorr, | 25 |
| Negro Medley, by Minnick, | 25 |
| Night Dews are Weeping, | 25 |
| Robert Le Diable, | 15 |
| Rigoletto, | 15 |
| Shower of Pearls, by Osborne, | 37½ |
| 'Twas Night and all was Still, by Tzorr, | 25 |
| Thou art the Stars, by Detta, | 25 |
| Wreath of Flowers, Nos. 2, 3, 4 & 5, each | 35 |
| Waltzer and Air, from La Traviata, by Detta, | 25 |
| When in Conflict Fierce, by Tzorr, | 25 |

Huntingdon, June 8, 1859.

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Huntingdon, April 27, 1859.

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## Select Poetry.

### In the Time of Need Will I Turn to Thee.

I turn to thee in time of need,
And never turn in vain,
I see thy fond and fearless smile,
And hope revives again.
It gives me strength to struggle on,
Whate'er the strife may be;
And if again my courage fail,
Again I turn to thee.

Thy timid beauty charmed me first;
I breathed a lover's vow,
But little thought to find the friend
Whose strength sustains me now;
I deemed thee made for summer skies;
But in the stormy sea,
Deserted by all former friends,
Dear love, I turn to thee.

## A Select Story.

[From the Red White and Blue.]

### THE TRAITOR'S CHILD.

BY ARCOLA.

The energies of the American troops stationed at Fort Washington after their evacuation of New York, were fully taxed to repel the many sorties made by the enemy against them. It required a constant and careful watch upon the part of the Commander-in-chief to prevent a surprise, and the more surely to effect this, a system of observation was maintained along the road, so that information passed from point to point, was sure to reach the camp ere the British could carry out their designs. The majority of persons living on the line from the city to Kingsbridge, gladly aided in this plan of police, and thus rendered essential service to the cause. One of this number, however, a Mr. Jenning, at last took umbrage from some order of Washington or his subordinate, and, with a reprehensible cunning, he determined to abandon the Americans, and serve the interests of the foe. So secretly were these plans concocted and carried out, that no one outside of his own family suspected his disaffection.

The British General accepted the offered services, and pledged himself to pay largely for them. It was proposed that a number of his troops should march as far as his neighbors, who would, of course, communicate their movements to Jenning, who in his turn, instead of passing the warning, was to conceal the forces until reinforcements could arrive, and a formidable demonstration could be made against the fort.

"And for this service, in any event, you shall have a thousand pounds," said the British General to the traitor. "Should it eventuate in the entire overthrow of the rebels, the sum shall be trebled, while other rewards shall be freely bestowed. You are certain that you have confided the matter to no one?"

"Not a soul, save those of my own family know it," Jenning replied.

"Of whom does your family consist?"

"My wife, who is an invalid, and an only daughter."

"How are they affected by your change?"

"I know not, nor do I care. But of course they will follow my wishes, which have ever been law to them. My daughter is the only one who would think of a difference of opinion, and even she would never dare to give it expression."

"I have heard that the majority of your American females have imbided a sort of romantic attachment to George Washington, which might lead them to sympathy with him, but of course you are sure of your child, and can answer for her."

"With my life!"

"Suppose you allow me to invite her here. It would be a safe thing, and at the same time remove her from the suspicion of collusion, should you be discovered."

"I cannot part with her, sir! She has aided me heretofore and can do so again.—She is very obedient, so we need not fear her."

"Enough! Manage the matter yourself. I am content! Now for our plans. To-morrow at dusk a company of Captain Trevor's command will be put in motion, and arrive about midnight at your house. You will conceal them and await the others. When they are all gathered you will guide them to the attack. The rebels being off their guard will fall an easy prey!"

So far as the intentions of the British officer was concerned, the meditated plans were carried out, a number of picked men were concealed at the house of Jenning and at a proper time marched towards their destination. Under cover of the night they had proceeded to the next station on the road, when their advance was suddenly checked.

A sharp rattle of musket balls which seemed to have been designedly fired above their heads brought them to an immediate halt.—A second discharge gave them to understand that their further progress would be dangerous. Captain Trevor who was in command, immediately gave orders for a countermarch, and in less than ten minutes the whole body were in a retrograde position.

We can hardly venture to describe the feelings of chagrin, entertained by the original plotter of this expedition, when informed by Trevor of the unsatisfactory result, as that officer handed him the gold which had been promised, he threw it to the ground with a violent gesture and with an oath, swore that he would murder the informer, whoever it might be, that had thus defeated his hopes. In vain the king's officer strove to calm him: the darker passions of his nature were aroused and would not be exorcised. While he was thus storming and invoking maledictions upon the head of the culprit, a fair girl entered the apartment. There was a look of intelligent firmness upon her pale countenance, as her eyes met those of her father and quailed not.

"Come hither, Hester!" he cried. "Do you know aught of this matter? Can you tell me who sent word to Washington, respecting this expedition?"

Hester cast an appealing look upon the officer, who, however, did not interfere between them.

"Did you hear my question?" roared Jenning. "Tell me do you know aught of this?"

"I do!" the girl replied, in a low tone.

"I thought so! Now tell me the person's name."

"It was I!"

"You! Serpent! You betray me———!"

"Father! hear me. I did send word to our General that the enemy were to make an attack upon the fort, but your name was not mentioned as being a party to the expedition. No harm can come to you. I know how arduously and long our countrymen had struggled against oppression; how nobly they contended against superior forces; how true was their devotion to the cause in which they were engaged, and I could not quietly look and see their destruction attempted. I sent word of this, but in saving them I did not betray you."

"Enough that you have come between me and my revenge! This be your reward!"

He drew from his pocket a pistol and deliberately aimed it at his child. She moved not, did not even tremble, but Trevor shocked beyond measure at the horror of the meditated deed, sprung towards the wretch, and raised his arm. The ball grazed her head and was buried deep in the wainscot.

"Shame on you, man!" cried the officer with indignation. "Would you have her blood on your hands? of what are you composed? Is she not your child?"

"No!" cried Hester, with startling emphasis. "I am not, or at least, shall not be for the future. I will not own a parent who to the crime of treason, can add that of murder. I did expose your villainy and would do it again. Nay, you may frown, I fear you not. This last base act has frozen the natural current of my heart."

Then in a calmer and more feeling tone she continued:

"Father—'tis the last time I shall call you so—I bid you farewell forever. Your malediction may be hurled against me, but never will you again look upon my face. Ere another day has passed, Washington shall know of your treachery. Your only safety is in flight. In England you may enjoy the fruit of your baseness, but here you cannot remain. Farewell, forever!"

She passed from the room, as the tears, which she could no longer control, coursed rapidly down her cheeks. She repaired at once to the bedside of her mother, in whose soul the last flickerings of life were fast failing. She knelt beside her, and even as she prayed, her worn spirit was released from bondage!

"Alone! an orphan! God help me!" she exclaimed, as she pressed her trembling lips to those that had so often met her's in love.

Jenning lingered not long, soon after, he was on his way to England, where he lived, as traitors should, in splendid disgrace.—Hester become the wife of a young Revolutionary officer, and lived long enough to give to her descendants the valuable example of the Christian and the patriot mother.

### A Drove of Irish Bulls.

The following may be "backed" against anything ever produced. It was written half a century ago by Sir Boyle Roche, a member of the Irish parliament. The Troubled Times of Ninety-eight, when a handful of men from the County of Wexford struck terror into the hearts of many gallant sons of Mars, as well as the worthy writer himself. The letter was addressed to a friend in London, and it is old enough to be new to nine out of ten of our readers:

"My Dear Sir:—Having now a litte peace and quietness, I sit down and inform you of the dread bustle and confusion we are all in from those blood-thirsty rebels, most of whom are, thank God, killed and dispersed. We are in a pretty mess; can get nothing to eat, nor any wine to drink, except whiskey; and when we sit down to dinner we are obliged to keep both hands armed. While I write this I hold a sword in each hand and pistol in the other.

I concluded from the beginning that this would be the end of it, and I see I was right; for it is not half over yet. At present there are such goings on that everything is at a stand still. I should have answered your letter a fortnight ago, but I did not receive it until this morning. Indeed; scarce a mail arrives without being robbed. No longer ago than yesterday the coach with the mail from Dublin was robbed near town. The bags had been left behind for fear of accident, and by good luck there was nobody in but two outside passengers, who had nothing for the thieves to take. Last Tuesday notice was given that a gang of rebel was advancing here under the French standard, but they had no colors nor any drums except bagpipes.

Immediately every man in the place, including men women and children, ran out to meet them. We soon found our force much too little; we were too near to think of retreating. Death was in every face; but at it we went, and began to be all alive again.—Fortunately the rebels had no guns but pistols and pikes, and as we had plenty of muskets and ammunition we put them all to the sword. Not a soul of them escaped, except some that were dnowned in the adjacent bogs; and in a very short time nothing was heard but silence. Their uniforms were all of different colors, but mostly green. After the action we went to rumage a sort of camp which they had left behind them. All we found was a few pikes without heads, a parcel of empty bottles of water, and a bundle of French commissions filled with Irish names. Troops are now stationed all around the country, which exactly squares with my ideas.—I have only time to add that I am in a great hurry.

P. S.—If you do not receive this, of course it must have miscarried, therefore, I beg you will write and let me know.

☞ The water that flows from a spring does not congeal in winter. And those sentiments of friendship which flow from the heart, cannot be frozen in adversity.

### Rather Rich.

A correspondent of the *Brother Jonathan*, writing at New Orleans, gives the following good story:—

Going up to St. Louis, last month, I noticed, as soon as the boat had got fairly started, a green-looking customer, who was scrutanizing the bell, as if he had never seen one before. He soon attracted the attention of the Captain and a great many of the passengers.

"Keep still and look at the Yankee," said the Captain; "we shall have fine sport presently," and at the same time walking up to him, he added:—"Well, sir, what do you think of the bell?"

"It is a pooty one. How much did it cost?"

"Three hundred and fifty dollars."

"Why, du tell? that would buy a farm up in our country. How do you go to work to ring the critter?"

"Why, by pulling the rope, to be sure."

"Does it ring very hard, Cap'n?"

"Not very; wouldn't you like to try it?"

"I don't know but I would; how much would you ask to let a feller ring it a little while?"

"Ten dollars."

"Human natur! you ought to let a feller ring it as long as he pleased at that price."

The Captain thought to have some fine sport out of him, and told him to do so. The Yankee pulled out a ten dollar piece, and calling on some of the passengers to witness it, that there might be no backing out on either side, commenced ringing the bell. It was fine fun for them all at first, but they very soon grew tired and annoyed with the noise, for Jonathan kept at it as if it was the last work he ever intended to do. The Captain, as well as the rest, began to be very much annoyed, for more than once he had been asked to have it stopped. So he went up to him and asked him how much longer he intended to ring that develish bell?"

"It's a fair bargain, Cappen, that I should ring it as long as I pleased, and I can prove it too."

"Well, if you only stop, you can have your money back again."

"No, sir-ee," was the reply.

"Well, how much will you ask to stop it?"

"Well, seein' it is you, Cappen, I don't know, but if you will give me fifty dollars and a free ticket to St. Louis, I will let you off."

The Captain halted for a moment, and told him to come into the office. After he had paid him, he asked:—

"How long did you intend to ring that bell?"

"Well, I reckon I intended to ring it till you would pay me pooty well to stop it."

"But suppose I would not have given you anything to stop it, what then would you have done?"

"Well, I reckon I should have rung it till I had wrung the neck off the tarnal critter."

### Cruelty Killed by Kindness.

A young woman in Vermont married a poor but worthy man, against her father's wish. He drove them from his house and closed his heart and door against them. They moved to the city of Boston; went to work and prospered. After many years, the father had occasion to go to Boston. He concluded to go and see his daughter, expecting a cold reception. His daughter and her husband received him most kindly and lovingly. After staying with them a while he went back to Vermont. One of his neighbors hearing where he had been, asked him how his daughter and husband had treated him.

"I was never treated so before in my life," said the weeping and broken-hearted father. "They have broken my heart, they have killed me—I don't feel as though I can live under it."

"What did they do to you?" asked the neighbor. "Did they abuse you?"

"*They loved me to death, and killed me with kindness,*" said he. "I can never forgive myself for treating so cruelly my own darling daughter, who loved me so affectionately. I feel as if I should die, when I think how I grieved my precious child, when I spurned her from my door. Heaven bless them, and forgive my cruelty and injustice to them."

Who does not see in this an infallible cure for difficulties between man and man. There is not a man or child on earth, who would not feel and say that the daughter, although deeply wronged and outraged by her angry father, did right in treating him as she did. That father was her enemy, but she was not his. He hated her, and she loved him.

A SECRET.—"How do you do Mrs. Briggs? Have you heard that story about Mrs. Ludy?"

"Why, no, really Mrs. Gad—what is it, do tell?"

"Oh, I promised not to tell for the world! No I must never tell on't—I'm afraid it will get out."

"No I will never open my mouth about it—never. Hope to die this minute."

"Well, if you will believe, Mrs. Fundy told me last night, that Mrs. Trot told her that her sister was told by a person who dreamed it, that Mrs. Trouble's oldest daughter told Mrs. Nichens that her grandmother heard by a letter which she got from her sister's second husband's oldest brother's step-daughter, that it was reported by the Captain of a clam-boat just arrived from the Fejee Islands, that the mermaids about that section wear crinoline made out of shark skins!"

PASSING THE COMPLIMENTS.—"How do you do, Mr. Smith?" "Do *what?*" "Why, how do you find yourself?" "I never *lose* myself?" "Well, how have you been?" "Been—been *where?*" Pshaw! how do you feel?" "Feel of me and see?" "Good morning, Mr. Smith?" It's not a good morning—it's wet and nasty?"

☞ "If you would have your laws obeyed, without mutiny, see well to it that they are pieces of God Almighty's law—otherwise all the artillery in the world cannot keep down mutiny."

### Marriage.

From a lecture recently delivered by Bulwer, we extract a few passages:

"The law that binds the one man to the one woman," eloquently exclaimed the lecturer, "is so indelibly written by nature, that wherever it is violated in a general system, the human race is found to deteriorate in mind and form. The ennobling influences of woman cease; the wife is a companion—a hundred wives are but a hundred slaves. Nor is this all; unless man look to woman as a treasure to be wooed and won—her smile the charm of his existence—her single heart the range of his desires—that which deserves the name of love cannot exist, it is struck out of the healthful system of society. Now, if there be a passion in the human breast which most tends to lift us out of egotism and self—which most teaches us to live in another,—which purifies and warms the whole mortal being—it is love, as we of the North hold it and cherish it.

For even when the fair spring of youth has passed, and when the active life is employed in such grave pursuits that the love of his early years seems to him like a dream of romance, still that love, having once lifted him out of egotism into sympathy, does but pass into new forms and development—it has unlocked his heart to charity and benevolence—it gives a smile to his home; it rises up in the eyes of his children—from his hearth it circulates insensibly on to the laws that protect the hearth, to the native land which spreads around it. Thus in the uniform history of the world we discover that wherever love is created, as it were, and sanctioned by that equality between the sexes which the permanent and holy union of one heart with another proclaims, there, too, patriotism, liberty—the manly and the gentle virtues—also find their place; and wherever, on the contrary, polygamy is practiced, and love disappears in gross staiety of the senses, there we find neither respect for humanity, nor reverence for home, nor affection for the natal soil. And one reason why Greece so contrasted in all that dignifies our nature, the effeminate and dissolute character of the East which it overthrew is, that Greece was the earliest civilized country in which, on the borders of those great monarchies, marriage was the sacred tie between one man and one woman—and man was the thoughtful father of a home, not the wanton lord of a seraglio."

### Slick and the Ladies.

"Cousin John, how did your wife hurt her back so? I declare it makes me feel awfully to see what a great hump she's got a growing since she cum away from Connecticut."—With that, cousin John looked at her, and larfed a little, but I could see he didn't feel right; and arter a minit he said, sez he, "Hush, cousin, you must not speak so loud; it's true Mary has put on rather too much bustle, but it's the fashion, you see." I looked round, and, as true as you live, there warn't a gal in the room that hadn't her back a sticking out jest the same way. Such a set of hump backed critters I never did put my eye on, and yit they all stood about a smiling and a talking to the fellows, as if nothing ailed them, poor things! I never see a set of folks dressed out so much and so awfully stuck up as they were. Some of the gals had feathers in their hair, and some had flowers or gold chains twisted among their curls, and I didn't see one there that wasn't dressed up in her silks and satins, as crank as could be. As for the men, I thought I should have hawhawed right out a larfin to see some of 'em. There was one chap talking to Miss Beebe, with his hair parted from the top of his head down each side of his face, and it hung down behind all over his coat collar like a young gal's just before she begins to wear a comb; and there was two bunches of hair stuck out on his upper lip right under his nose, like a cat's whiskers when she begins to get her back up. Every time he spoke, the hair kinder riz up and moved about till it was enough to make a fellow crawl all over to look at him. Think, sez I, if it wouldn't be fun to see that varmint try to eat. If he didn't get his victuals tangled up in that bunch of hair, he must know how to aim all-fired straight with his knife and fork.—*Sam Slick.*

VALUE OF OBSERVATION.—In education it is the same as in business. Whatever you undertake, let it be a fixed principle with you to keep on till you have accomplished your wishes. And here an observation will be of great assistance. By observation is meant the paying attention to what is going on around us—making proper use of our eyes. There are thousands of persons who never see anything—that is, they shut their eyes to everything but the mere mechanism of life—the three meals a day, dressing and undressing. But observation will show us a thousand facts that will add to our knowledge and experience. Note well the different characters of the people you work with, of those you meet in your daily occupation, and you will see the striking difference of opinion which exists in the human race. But in observation, as well as in everything else, there are extremes. If a man observes everybody's doings and does not tend to his own business at all, then observation is of no value whatever.

AN INTERESTING STORY.—"Shon, mine shon," said a worthy German father to his heir of ten years, whom he had overheard using profane language; "Shon, mine shon, come here, and I will dell you von little stories. Now, mine shon, shall it pe a drue story, or a makes believe?"

"O, a true story, of course," answered John.

"Ferry vell, den. Dere vas once a goot, nice oldt shelteman (shoost like me,) and he had von dirty iddle poy (shoost like you.)—Andt von day he heard him schwearing like a young fillian, as he vas. So he vent to der winkle (corner) and took out a cowhides (shoost as I am toing now,) and he took der dirty liddle plackguard py de collar (dis way, you see,) and he volloped him shoost so!—And den, mine tear shon, he bull his ears dis way, and smack his face dat way, and dell him to go mitout his super, shoost as you vilt do dis efening."

☞ Mrs. Partington says that just before the last war with England, "Circumstances were seen around the moon nightly, shooting stars perambulated the earth, the desk of the sun was covered with black spots of ink, and comets swept the horizon with their operic tails. Everybody said it profligated war, and sure enough it did come. Its costiveness was felt throughout the land, but the bravery of General Jackson expiated the American citizens, and foreign dominees soon became the bye-word.

☞ A celebrated poet at one time advertised that he would supply "Lines for any occasion." A fisherman sought him shortly after, and wanted "a line strong enough to catch a porpoise."

# THE GLOBE.

*Circulation—the largest in the county.*

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday, June 8, 1859.



BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

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| CONSTABLE'S SALES, | ATTACHT EXECUTIONS, |
| ATTACHMENTS, | EXECUTIONS, |
| SUMMONS, | DEEDS, |
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Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the **HUNTINGDON GLOBE.**
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly, at short notice, and on good Paper.


**New Advertisements.**

☞ Auditor's Notice, by Theo. H. Cremer.

☞ Dissolution of Partnership, by Simpson, Megahan & Co.

☞ Marshall's Patent Shoemaker's Assistant Last Holder, by T. W. Mayhew.

### Important News from Europe.

The news by the steamship City of Washington, on Saturday, is of great importance, as announcing the first important blow in Italy. The Allied and Austrian forces *have met, and the latter been defeated.*

The battle between the Austrians and the Allies took place at Montebello, a town of Austrian Italy. The Austrians were 15,000 strong, and made the attack. After a severe engagement they were obliged to retreat. The Allied army lost 700, while the Austrians' loss is estimated at 2,000. A number of Austrians had been captured and taken prisoners to Marseilles.

The battle of Montebello took place on the 21st of May.

The Austrians, who were commanded by General Stadion, attacked the posts of Marshal Barraguay D'Hilliers. They were driven back by General Forris' division, after a furious combat, which lasted four hours.

The Allies carried Montebello, but did not pursue the Austrians.

Two hundred of the Austrians, including a Colonel, were captured and taken to Marseilles.

The Austrians were fifteen thousand strong. They lost 2,000 men.

The Allies lost 700, among whom were many officers.

The Austrians' account of the battle differs widely from the above.

The actual force of the French is not stated. It is reported, however, that it numbered 6,000 men, beside a regiment of Sardinian cavalry.

A bulletin issued by the Sardinian Government announces that the extreme left of the Sardinian army, under General Baldini, had forced a passage over the river Sesia, putting the Austrians to flight.

General Garibaldi had entered Gaveu (?) with 6,000 men for revolutionary purposes.

☞ The Huntingdon *Globe*, edited by a dismissed Postmaster.—Hollidaysburg *Standard*.

That's so, Bro. Trough. Dismissed through the influence of Brawley, Plumer, Porter, Judge Black and Buchanan, because we would not yield to their dictation and oppose the sale of the Main Line of the public works. Yes, sir, dismissed because we would not shut our eyes to the fact that the tax-payers of the State, were yearly plundered to the amount of thousands of dollars, to fatten a set of corrupt politicians. Yes sir, dismissed because we could not be *used* by the corrupt men who are now the leaders of the Buchanan faction. It is about as well that we were dismissed *then*, as it is very certain we would have been dismissed *since*, for refusing to desert Democratic principles, and be led by the nose any direction your masters may see fit to lead you. How humiliating the position of a *white* man when compelled to follow leaders *right* or *wrong*.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The Democracy have succeeded in carrying the State. Letcher, for Governor, has a majority of from three to five thousand—some four or five thousand less than Gov. Wise had four years ago.—Eleven of the thirteen members of Congress, elected, are Democrats. To carry the State the Democratic candidates were compelled to repudiate the Buchanan Democracy.

FAMILY DISCIPLINE.—A great aim in family discipline should be to provide for each of the juveniles some line of pursuit which will give them a sense of their usefulness and necessity to the household. This feeling, properly instilled into their minds, will make them members of society valuable to others, and happy in themselves. The Creator, who makes nothing in vain, does not in vain send human beings into the world, if only they would find their places and fill them. Idle men and women are the bane of any community. They are not simply clogs upon society, but become, sooner or later, the causes of its crime and poverty, its folly and extravagance. In plain old English, every family motto should read:—"Be somebody; do something; bear your own load."—*Philadelphia American.*

"THE GREAT UNITED STATES."—The census of the United States shows that we have two millions and a half of farmers, one hundred thousand merchants, sixty-four thousand masons, and nearly two hundred thousand carpenters. We have fourteen thousand bakers to make our bread; twenty-four thousand lawyers to set us by the ears; forty thousand doctors to "kill or cure," and fifteen hundred editors to keep this motley mass in order, by the power of public opinion controlled and manufactured through the press.

### CORRESPONDENCE OF THE GLOBE.

#### Policy of the Administration.

Probably, no occupant of the presidential chair ever assumed the executive power under auspices so favorable as those which attended the inauguration of James Buchanan. Partisanship was, comparatively, silenced, many of his most able opponents among the representatives of the press congratulated themselves that no worse a man was elected, and manifested a desire to give him a fair trial and to avoid invidious attack and unnecessary criticism.

Never, since the days of Jackson, did the Democratic party occupy a prouder or more secure position, and an honest consistency on the part of the administration was alone required to secure the permanent pre-eminence of democratic principles. Every circumstance was propitious to this issue. The President himself was possessed of reputation, abilities and experience equal to, if not beyond, those of any possible aspirant to the office. His antecedents were of the most favorable character, he had discharged the duties of high official positions with credit to himself and advantage to his country, and, in his election to the presidency, had achieved the *neplus ultra* of human ambition. Apparently, nothing further, of a personal character, remained for him to accomplish, except, to wield the power which the people had conferred upon him in such a manner as to secure the applause of the present, and the gratitude of future generations. Never did man, in any age or country, possess a better opportunity of acquiring profound and universal respect and honor whilst living and posthumous fame in all succeeding time.

His inaugural confirmed the expectations of his ardent admirers, and failed not to extract tones of commendation from antagonists; its manly expositions and fervid patriotism appeared to augur a glorious and honorable career for the then coming administration. But these sanguine and confident anticipations were doomed to meet with unmerited disappointment. The president speedily evinced his intention of becoming the actual *ruler* and *governor* of the nation, as well as the executive of the laws enacted by the representatives of the people. He was no longer a "platform" nor the embodiment or vehicle of any set of principles. His own will has been his only guide, and, supreme in his cabinet, he has issued his ukases with an authority as despotic as that of any European autocrat. Nor has his attention been confined to matters purely of a national character, but he has pertinaciously interfered with the policy of individual States, and has enforced his *dicta* with all the patronage, pressure and influence which the position of President enabled him to wield.

One of his earliest efforts to coerce the action of State legislation was levelled at Pennsylvania, in his opposition to the sale of the public works, a question which the people of the State alone were competent to decide.—But it is sufficiently notorious that the retention of the property, by the State, was insisted upon by the President, and that patronage was withdrawn from and refused to all who did not respect the executive decree.—His action with regard to the admission of Kansas has been so thoroughly dissected and exposed, that comment or animadversion at this time, would be almost superfluous.

The "ratting" of Tyler and the delinquencies of minor renegades were but typical of the shameless Giaourism of James Buchanan.

He has sedulously pursued a course utterly contrary to the principles of the platform upon which he stood when elected, and has erected a Shibboleth of his own to which he demands an allegiance, due only to the genius of true democracy. Time servers, office-holders and office-hunters may offer their incense and oblations, but no true democrat will bow down to the image which Buchanan "the King" hath set up.

It has been said that Webster characterised Buchanan as a "great politician but no statesman," and it is not improbable that, in the desire to play "the great politician" the cue to the president's erratic policy may be discovered. His endeavors have all tended to one end, namely, to the consolidation of an administrative party, under the name of Democracy, which should own him as its chief and head, and possibly perpetuate his misrule for another presidential term.—Schooled in all the Machiavelism of diplomacy, he has trackled and flattened the South, and, by bribery and intimidation, has endeavored to hold the North in bondage to his behests. In firmness of purpose he has strained himself into a vain imitation of Jackson, but has signally failed in his attempts to support the character, and has been fain to doff the lion's hide on more than one occasion.

In his efforts to attain to a party dictatorship, he has expended the national revenues with a reckless extravagance, and has demanded powers so much at variance with the spirit of the constitution, that many of his servile supporters have feared to follow him in his iniquitous career. His administration has been the most disastrous and undignified, and will ever be remembered with regret by the party to which he belonged, and by the people at large. He found the democracy united throughout the Union, as one man; knowing no geographical distinctions; but he has succeeded in sowing the most bitter dissensions in its ranks, and by his trackling policy, has emboldened Southern agitators to make demands, and to adopt a course of action inimical to Northern sentiment, events which would never have occurred if the administration had been either firm or reputable, honest or consistent. He succeeded to a treasury well replenished, and a revenue equal to the expenditure, and has now to resort to loans to carry on the ordinary expenses of a republican government at peace with the whole world. Under his *rule*, our domestic affairs have been embroiled, and our high status as a power among nations, has been compromised. Happily, however, for the national honor and the national interests, the reign of "King James" is rapidly drawing to a close, eighteen months hence his domination will receive its quietus, and Buchanan will relapse into the obscurity which clings to Tyler and all used-up renegades.

It is undoubtedly matter for regret that a man of talent should thus have prostituted his abilities. Posthumous fame may perhaps be a mere *ignis fatuus*, nevertheless, the prospect of an honorable place in the history of one's country, is assuredly more consolatory to a man's feelings than the certainty of—

"Going down to the vile dust from whence he sprung,
Unwept, unhonored and unsung."

In the meantime, there is ample space for an effective effort, on the part of all true democrats, to recover the party from the disorganizing influences under which it labors.—Democracy still stands in the same position which it occupied in 1856, viz:—On the Cincinnati platform. That platform was sustained by the people, and will again be sustained when its principles are represented by a candidate worthy of popular confidence.—The re-organization of an uncorrupted Democratic party has commenced, a bold, independent and uncompromising position has been taken, and all that is required to ensure success, is unswerving consistency, alertness and indomitable perseverance. The decadence of Buchanan is inaugurated—its downward course will be precipitate, and, ere the contest of '60, its frame will have become so weak and attenuated, that its expiring groans will scarcely be heard amid the clamor of rival factions.

PUBLICOLA.

SIPESVILLE, PA., May, 1859.

### The War and Breadstuffs.

The *Economist*, alluding to the rapid rise in the price of breadstuffs, owing to the war, speculates as follows upon the probable demand upon this country for a supply:

Among 80,000,000 of people, the talking of 600,000 men, that is one out of 130, more or less, from ordinary occupations, will have but little influence upon production, and no more upon consumption than will be caused by waste. What they actually eat as soldiers is less than what they get at home. A large portion of these are idlers from the cities, and in Europe the labor of agriculture, thanks to the long wars of former ages, is customarily performed by females. No conscript is taken where his labor is necessary to his family. The mere movement of the men is of no commercial importance. Where their operations extend over a large agricultural surface, they, however, destroy and prevent agriculture, and in so far, cause a demand from other quarters. If this is confined to Northern Italy, while all the ordinary sources of supply are undisturbed, the commercial effect of the war will hardly be felt. There never was a more propitious moment for war, than now, since crops of all sorts in Europe are very abundant, capital and money abundant and cheap, and enterprise not recovered from the panic of 1858. This is a very different state of affairs from what existed when the Russian war took place. There was then a failure of everything in Western Europe. Wheat, in England, had touched 101s. In France, the vines, silk-worms, food, and other crops, were all short, and money was very dear. Under these circumstances the exports of produce from the United States would have been quite as large had there been no war at all. That event did not add to the demand in any degree. Its influence was felt only in the manufacturing towns of England, in a scarcity of labor, whence a large portion of the new troops were drawn. The armament of the war, however, caused a great decline in government funds, under anticipation of large loans.

The migration of men and capital to the United States during the Crimean war and sales of produce to Europe were certainly large, but those circumstances were not due to the war—they were the result of short crops in Europe, which drove forth great numbers, and called for large imports to sustain those who remained. Those circumstances are not now to operate at least for a year to come. If in that time the war should become general, involving strife between England and France, their fleets would disturb the ocean, instead of keeping it open, and England would be thrown upon the United States for those large supplies she now draws from France.

### Terrible Tornado in Illinois.

The St. Louis *Republican* gives some facts in relation to the recent terrible tornado at Jacksonville, Ill. As far as heard from, it began at Calhoun county, carrying everything, men, houses, barns, fences, trees and cattle with it, from Manchester to a distance of twelve miles, directly northeast. We can count thirty-six dwelling-houses, with all the barns and out-houses destroyed. The number of killed, as far as heard from, are Mrs. Route, a son of George Van Zanes, Samuel Brown, a Portuguese in the employ of Mr. Route, Jonathan Carlisle, Jacob Sample and wife, and a Mr. Thomas. There are about fifty seriously, if not mortally wounded.—Most of them, it is feared, must die.

To give an idea of the force of the storm, I have in my possession a stone weighing three pounds that was lifted up and carried sixty feet, passing through a window four feet from the floor. The floor and partition of a school room, twenty by thirty feet, was carried away, with heavy timber, and all cannot be found withing two miles of the place. A wind mill was carried over four hundred yards, with pipes, pumps, &c., the small end foremost.—There is not ten feet square within the route of the storm that has not rails, boards, &c., stuck in the ground, so that no one can easily pull them out. Whole partitions of houses are gone and cannot be found. A man riding in a field was blown from his horse, the saddle torn off and carried about two miles from the place.

No one can form an idea of the terrible effects of this storm, which lasted but five minutes, with but little rain. The cloud was very bright, while on either side it was so dark as not to be able to distinguish objects.

### The Illinois Tornado.

[Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican.]

JACKSONVILLE, ILL., May 28.—We regret to say that the disaster which we mentioned to you yesterday, as having happened to many of the residents of this county, is even worse than we then believed it to be. We have not yet received full particulars concerning the amount of damage done by the storm, but enough to know that it was the most terrible one that ever was known in this part of the country. In addition to these we mentioned yesterday as having been killed, we have learned of two more, viz: the mother of Mr. Carlyle (who was killed,) and the wife of Jacob Sample. Several persons who were injured are not expected to live. In all we have learned of ten or eleven having been killed. We can give you no better idea of the severity of the storm, than by stating a very few of the many terrible things that happened.

On Mr. Joseph Fry's place, *everything*—houses, barn, furniture, were torn into shreds, the fences scattered for miles, fifteen horses were killed, (besides the human beings we mentioned yesterday;) seventy hogs, several head of cattle, and all his fowls; even the rats about the premises did not escape. The wagons were blown to pieces, spokes knocked out of the wheels, and even the tires bent. This is but one case in many. Several others suffered in the same way.

The house of Wm. McDonald, south of this place, was torn into atoms, not ten feet square of the house or barn remaining; and, singular to say, himself wife and children escaped with their lives, though they were badly bruised, yet not dangerously. At the place of Mr. Barrows, of which we spoke yesterday, in addition to the destruction to life and property, he lost one hundred and ten hogs out of one hundred and fifty.

A horse was found in the neighborhood, dead, with a rail run through him *lengthwise*, so that both ends were visible. Another horse was found dead, with a bridle and saddle on, but the rider or owner has not yet been found; it is feared that he has been destroyed.

All this may appear to your readers to be a mere fabrication. Would it were so!—But of the truth of it there can be no doubt. Many of the citizens of this place visited the scene yesterday for the purpose of helping the sufferers, and from all of those who returned we learn the same dreadful news.

The citizens of this place held a meeting yesterday, for the purpose of taking measures to relieve the sufferers. Committees were appointed, who at once proceeded to raise money, workmen, &c., to help repair the damage as much as possible. This morning many wagons, loaded with citizens of this place, started to assist in putting up fences, and to do whatever they could. It is credit to Jacksonville that her people have shown themselves willing to respond to the call of distress.

How many houses were destroyed or how much damage was really done, has not yet been definitely ascertained. Every tenement within six or eight miles was swept away. We hope to learn more hereafter concerning the particulars.

### Pennsylvania Crops.

YORK COUNTY.—The *Gazette* says: "Within the past few days we have conversed with a number of our farmers from different sections of the county, and we learn that the prospects of an abundant harvest in this locality were never more promising than at the present time. The wheat, rye, and oats are in excellent condition, and the corn is growing finely."

BLAIR COUNTY.—From every section of the county we have the most flattering intelligence in regard to the promising appearance of the crops. A gentleman from the southern part of the county, upon whose word we place the utmost dependence, told us the other day that the wheat crop has not looked as well for ten years past as it does this season, and he says all kinds of grain give promise of an abundant yield.—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

DAUPHIN COUNTY.—We are glad to hear that the promise of the crops this season is most encouraging. The fruit, with some exceptions, bids fair to be plenteous. Strawberries, the finest and most delightful of luxuries, are abundant and early. In everything there is the indication of plenty.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—Accounts from all quarters continue to be of the most cheering character for an abundant harvest. The prospects for a good fruit crop also continue flattering.—*Carlisle Democrat.*

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—The prospects of a good harvest in this county probably was never more flattering. The fruit trees of all kinds seem to be fairly loaded down with fruit, especially peaches and apples. All other kinds are in the best state of forwardness, and promise plentifully.

### The Ohio Democracy.

The Democracy of Ohio, in their late State Convention, unanimously laid down a platform upon which the Democratic party can triumph in 1860, if the Administration will permit it so to do. We copy the two most important resolutions:

"1. *Resolved*, That the organized Territories of the United States, although not endowed with all the attributes of sovereignty, are only held in the territorial condition until they attain a sufficient number of inhabitants to authorize their admission into the United States; and, therefore, are justly entitled to the right of self-government, and the undisturbed regulation of their domestic or local affairs, subject to the Constitution of the United States; and that any attempt by Congress, or any of the States, to establish or maintain, prohibit or abolish, the relation of master and slave in a Territory, would be a departure from the original doctrine of our American institutions; and that we adhere immovably to the principle of '*Non intervention by Congress with slavery in the States and Territories*,' as declared in the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and openly disclaim fellowship with those, whether at the South, or the North, or the West, who counsel the abandonment, limitation, or avoidance of that principle.

"2. *Resolved*, That the suppression of the African and foreign slave trade by the Federal Government, after the year eighteen hundred and seven, is one of the compromises on the faith of which the Constitution was adopted, and our Union of slaveholding and non-slaveholding States firmly established; that a revival of that trade would not only renew those cruelties which once provoked the indignation of the civilized world, but would expose the slaveholding States to a constant terror of servile insurrection, and the non-slaveholding States of the border, like Ohio, to all the mischiefs and annoyances of a free black population. For these reasons, with others, the Democracy of Ohio are opposed to any such revival, and to any measure tending in that direction."

DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE.—The Dallas (Texas) *Herald*, of 11th of May, says:—"A gentleman, just from Fort Worth, reports a most painful calamity that occurred last Thursday evening, near night, on the west fork of the Trinity, about seven miles above Fort Worth. A gentleman, living very near West Fork, on returning home, during the heavy rain that was falling, found his house was being rapidly surrounded with the flood that was rushing down the low lands bordering on the stream. He had a wife and seven children—took two of them on his shoulders and carried them over the water to a shed on the premises, placed them upon it, and started back for the other children and his wife. He had not gone far when a cry from the shed drew his attention; he looked back, and discovered it floating off with his two children on it. He rushed after it, and, after following it nearly half a mile, succeeded in placing his children upon a place of safety. Night was rapidly coming on, and he returned to save his wife and children, but alas! he found not even a vestage of his home—no sign of wife or child; and, to add to the horrors of the scene, darkness was fast settling down upon the rushing flood, whose appalling roar deafened the cries of his family, even if they then lived. The unhappy father has heard nothing from them yet, and every effort made to find their bodies, has proved unavailing. The rise of the water is represented as being unparalleled in the history of the country, for the suddenness and volume.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

### What are Consols?

Our readers are well aware that a rise or fall in "Consols" is noted as the most important sign of the condition of commercial affairs in England. But few know what "Consols" are. From a very lengthy explanation relative to "Consols" on the consolidated debt of Great Britain, we glean some interesting information.

The national debt of England began in the time of Charles I, with the relinquishment of the old custom of extorting from the people and substituting borrowing therefore to meet public exigencies. This has been increased from that time to the present in all times of exigency. In periods of peace, and when the rate of interest has been low, the Government has redeemed small portions of the debt, or it has lowered the annual charge by reducing, with the consent of the holders, the rate of interest.

The debt then consists of several species of loans or funds, with different denominations, which have been, in process of time, variously mixed and mingled, such as Consols, *i. e.*, several different loans consolidated in one stock, 3 per cents., Reduced Consols, New 3 per cents., &c.

In 1817, the English and Irish Exchequers were consolidated debt. The present debt cannot be less than four thousand two hundred millions of dollars, most of which is Consols bearing interest at three per cent.—The ordinary price of three per cents. is 95, because people investing at such low rates will not pay par when money is worth a higher percentage. The report by a recent arrival, was that Consols had fallen to 89 and 90. This is equal to two years' interest on four thousand millions of dollars. If holders were obliged to sell then, the aggregate loss would be $240,000,000. In such cases, only those who have money engagements and must sell out to meet them, are losers.

### Horrible Crime in France.

The Court of Assize of the Loir et Cher, in France, recently tried a young woman named Ganthier, and her mother a widow, named Roset, for murder. The younger woman, in 1858, married a man named Ganthier, who had two children by a former wife. She and her mother wanted to make him settle on her, in the event of his death, the property he possessed; but a notary whom they consulted said that he could not do so, so long as the two children lived. On that they brought from nurse the younger child, who was a boy not a year old. At that time he was quite healthy, but the woman gave him but little food, and compelled him to take considerable quantities of wine, and even brandy, every day. The consequence was that he soon became sickly, and on the 3d of July expired. On the 19th of January last, the two women announced the neighbors that the eldest child, three years of age, had fallen in the fire and burned herself to death. The neighbors found the dead body of the child lying in the grate dreadfully burned, but a medical man who examined it declared that she must have been thrown into the fire and pressed with the face downward until dead. On that the two women were arrested, and the elder, after a while related, with revolting effrontery, that she had proposed to her daughter to burn the child to death, that the other had consented, and that she had then thrown the child on the fire. "At first," said she, "the child cried, but I held her down until she was silent; she struggled a little, and when she was quiet I went away!" While this murder was being committed, the younger woman was quietly sitting at the door! The jury declared the two women guilty, and the court condemned them to hard labor for life.

### The Virginia Elections.

[From the Washington States, June 4.]

RICHMOND, VA., June 3, 1859.

EDITOR STATES:—The recent contest through which we have passed, and its results, should admonish the President that even we in Virginia cannot bear such *weights* as he has given us; and if his policy is continued, he will drive the Democratic party into the alternative of separating from him finally. Are you aware, Mr. Editor, that *only one candidate for Congress in Virginia identified himself with the Administration, and he was defeated?* Defeated in a district which, for many years, has given Democratic majorities of from 1,500 to 2,000. Should not this be a warning?

AN OLD DEMOCRAT.

☞ Perterson's Philadelphia Counterfeit Detector for June, received and for sale at Lewis' Book Store.


NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
NEW GOODS,
AT BEN JACOBS'
AT BEN JACOBS'
CHEAP CORNER,
CHEAP CORNER.

BENJ. JACOBS has now upon his shelves a large and full assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
comprising a very extensive assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES, &c., &c., &c.

His stock of CLOTHING for men and boys is complete—every article of wear will be found to be good and cheap. Full suits sold at greatly reduced prices—panic prices—which will be very low.

His entire stock of Goods will compare with any other in town, and the public will do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

As I am determined to sell my goods, bargains may be expected, so all will do well to call.

Country Produce taken in Exchange for Goods.

BENJ. JACOBS, *Cheap Corner.*

Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

1859. 1859.

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of our friends and customers, as well as the citizens of the town and country generally, to our new and extensive assortment of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
consisting of every article of gentlemens' furnishing goods. We deem it unnecessary to make a newspaper flourish, being confident that a call and an examination of our goods, will satisfy all, that our goods are just what we recommend them to be, well made, of good material, and as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in the county of Huntingdon. It is not our desire, as it is not the policy of honest men, to deceive, but this much we will say, that we will guarantee to all who may favor us with their patronage, entire satisfaction as to quality, fit and price. Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing, not found in our stock, by leaving their measure, they can be accommodated at short notice. Call at the corner of the diamond, Long's new house.

M. GUTMAN & CO.

April 20, 1859.

THE NEW BOOK,
STATIONERY
AND
MUSIC STORE,
*NOW OPEN!*

The subscriber respectfully informs all concerned, that he has fitted up a room in the "Globe" building, and that he has received and is now opening a good assortment of BOOKS, STATIONERY and MUSIC, which he is determined to sell at fair prices, and he invites the public generally, to give him a call.

Having made the necessary arrangements with publishers, any Book wanted and not upon his shelves, will be ordered and furnished at City prices.

As he desires to do a lively business with small profits, a liberal share of patronage is solicited.

Huntingdon, Dec. 15, 1858. WM. LEWIS.

PIKES PEAK GOLD!

Cannot rival in attraction the superb stock of SPRING and SUMMER Goods now being received and opened by
*FISHER & M'MURTRIE.*

This stock has been selected with great care, and the public are cordially invited to call and examine it.

It comprises all the late styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as Poil De Chevre, Robes A'Lez, Organdies, Jacconets, Lawns, Challis, Plain and Figured Berages, Crape Marets, Plain and Colored Chintzes, French and English Ginghams, Amaranths, Valentine, Alpaccas, De Bage, Prints, &c., &c.

A beautiful assortment of Spring Shawls, round and square corners, all colors. A full stock of Ladies' Fine Collars, Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, such as Collars, Cravats, Ties, Stocks, Hosiery, Shirts, Gauze and Silk Undershirts, Drawers, &c.

We have a fine selection of Mantillas, Dress Trimmings, Fringes, Ribbons, Mitts, Gloves, Gauntlets, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Floss, Sewing Silk, Extension Skirts, Hoops of all kinds, &c.

Also—Tickings, Osnaburg, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all prices; Colored and White Cambrics, Barred and Swiss Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Nainsooks, Tarleton, and many other articles which comprise the line of WHITE and DOMESTIC GOODS.

French Cloths, Fancy Cassimers, Satinets, Jeans, Tweeds, Denims, Blue Drills, Flannels, Lindseys, Comforts, Blankets, &c.

Hats, Caps, and Bonnets, of every variety and Style.

A Good Stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BOOTS and SHOES, WOOD and WILLOW-WARE, which will be sold *Cheap.*

We also deal in PLASTER, FISH, SALT, and all kinds of GRAINS, and possess facilities in this branch of trade unequalled by any. We deliver all packages or parcels of Merchandise, *free of charge*, at the Depots of the Broad Top and Pennsylvania Railroads.

COME ONE, COME ALL, and be convinced that the *Metropolitan* is the place to secure fashionable and desirable goods, disposed of at the lowest rates.

FISHER & M'MURTRIE.

Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

$10,000 REWARD!!

MOSES STROUS,

Will risk the above sum that he can Sell Goods, to everybody, at prices to suit the times. His stock has been renewed for SPRING and SUMMER, and he invites all to call and examine for themselves.

His stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, OF ALL KINDS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Such as Summer Coats, Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Jackets, Vests, Pants, &c.

BOOTS and SHOES, HATS and CAPS, of all sizes, for old and young.

GROCERIES, of the best; QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

The public generally are earnestly invited to call and examine my new stock of Goods, and be convinced that I can accommodate with Goods and Prices, all who are looking out for great bargains.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

MOSES STROUS.

Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

of any kind, will be furnished to order at lowest City Cash Prices.

Violin and Guitar strings, Bridges, Keys, Rosin, &c., &c. Also—Instruction Books for the Piano, Melodeon, Violin, &c., &c., for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.*

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

AT

*D. P. GWIN'S CHEAP STORE.*

D. P. GWIN has just returned from Philadelphia, with the largest and most beautiful assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
Ever brought to Huntingdon. Consisting of the most fashionable Dress Goods for Ladies and Gentlemen: Black and Fancy Silks, all Wool Delaines, (all colors,) Spring Delains, Braize Delanes, Braizes, all colors; Debaize, Levella Cloth, Ducals, Alpacca, Plain and Silk Warp, Printed Berages, Brilliants, Plain and Colored Ginghams, Lawns and Prints of every description.

Also, a large lot of Dress Trimmings, Fringes, More-Antique Ribbon, Gimps, Buttons, Braids, Crapes, Ribbons, Reed and Brass Hoops, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Stocks, Zepher, French Working Cotton, Linen and Cotton Floss, Tidy Yarn, &c.

Also, the best and cheapest assortment of Collars and Undersleeves in town; Barred and Plain Jaconet, Mull Muslin, Swiss, Plain, Figured and dotted Skirts, Belts, Marsailles for Capes, and a variety of White Goods too numerous to mention.

A LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT of Bay State, Waterloo and Wool Shawls, Single and Double Brocha Shawls, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Vestings, bleached and unbleached Muslins, sheeting and pillow-case Muslins, Nankeen, Ticking, Checks, Table, Diaper, Crash, Flannels, Sack Flannels, Canton Flannels, Blankets, &c. Also, a large lot of Silk and Colored Straw Bonnets, of the latest styles, which will be sold cheaper than can be had in Huntingdon.

HATS and CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, BUCKETS, CHURNS, TUBS, BUTTER BOWLS, BROOMS, BRUSHES, &c. CARPETS and OIL CLOTH. FISH, SALT, SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, MOLASSES, and all goods usually kept in a country store.

My old customers, and as many new ones as can crowd in, are respectfully requested to call and examine my goods.

☞ All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the Highest Market Prices. D. P. GWIN.

Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.

WINDOW SHADES, CORDS,
*TASSELS, &C.,*
and BAILEY'S FIXTURES,
A handsome assortment just received and for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR!—PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.—*Compounded entirely from GUMS* is one of the best purgative and Liver medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic* but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the bowels and stomach to carry off that matter; thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feeling experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The system is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found any, person troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease and effecting a radical cure.

BILIOUS ATTACKS are cured and what is better, PREVENTED, by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from raising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents NIGHTMARE.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures COSTIVENESS.

One dose taken after each meal will cure DYSPEPSIA.

One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve SICK HEADACHE.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves CHOLIC, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for CHOLERA MORBUS, and a preventive of CHOLERA.

Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all saffowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose, often repeated, cures CHRONIC DIARRHŒA in its worst forms, while SUMMER and BOWEL complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by WORMS in children; there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it NEVER FAILS.

A few bottles cures DROPSY, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for FEVER AND AGUE, CHILL FEVER, and all FEVERS of a BILIOUS TYPE. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

*All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.*

☞ Mix water in the mouth with the Invigorator and swallow both together.

*The Liver Invigorator is a Scientific Medical Discovery*, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe.—It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of LIVER Complaint, from the worst JAUNDICE or DYSPEPSIA to a common HEADACHE, all of which are the results of a DISEASED LIVER.

PRICE, ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 343 Broadway, New York.—And retailed by all Druggists. [je9 1y]

DOCTOR SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

# THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, June 8, 1859.

## LOCAL & PERSONAL.

HUNTINGDON AS A SUMMER RESORT.—We notice in several of our exchanges, articles, calling attention to the garden spots of the land, and we beg leave to vie our claims with those of our exchanges, not saying but what all they have written is truth.

Huntingdon is situated on the banks of the blue Juniata, one hundred and ninety-seven miles West of Philadelphia, and along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and Canal, and is one of the loveliest spots in Penna: The scenery around about it, is sublimely grand. The advantages are not equalled by any town between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. The Warm Springs, five miles from this place, is one of the best watering places in the State, and invalids seeking such places will do well to come here. The hills are a delightful place to roam over for exercise. The town is just the place for persons who have been hemmed in with brick and mortar during the cold weather, and wish to come to the country to spend the Summer season. We advise our city friends to try our town, and if it don't please, we won't *ask you to stay*. We are pretty confident, however, should you come, you will be very reluctant in leaving us.

☞ The *Journal* man is pitching into that portion of the business men of our town who are opposed to us in politics, because they come to us when they want job work done up in good style. He thinks we are not entitled to any patronage out of our party, and goes so far as to denounce as *tories*, the men of the Opposition who occasionally patronize our job office. We hope never to see the day when men must be politicians in all their business transactions. Politics is very good in its place, but it should never be thought of in the purchase of a pair of shoes, a new hat, a dress, a mint-stick for the baby, or even when looking around for the best job printers.—Before our neighbor of the *Journal* can expect to monopolize the jobbing business of the town and country, or even of his own party, he must be able to do the work in a creditable manner. Getting show cards printed in Philadelphia, to deceive our people as to the style of printing executed at the *Journal* office, can deceive but once.

HAIL STORM.—We are informed by Mr. Alem Kennedy, a gentleman from the mouth of Clover Creek, Blair county, that that place was visited on last Monday week, with a violent hail storm, which totally destroyed about forty acres of grain for a Mr. Royer, besides, a number of other farmers suffered losses not quite so extensive. Between fifty and sixty panes of window-glass were broken in one house. The hail stones were about the size of a hulled walnut, and came down in a perfect sheet.

We have also heard of the grain having been considerably injured in parts of Walker, Penn, Tod, and other townships in this county.

AS WE EXPECTED.—We have received from our neighbor NANNIE, the Bouquet we were expecting. It is done up in the best style of the art—decidedly handsomer than any of the "tip-top" ones we have seen on exhibition at fancy windows.

AND ANOTHER.—On Monday morning we received a "splendiferous" Bouquet, presented by Miss Jane Woods, selected from her garden. It contains no less than twenty-one different varieties, and fills our sanctum with a fragrance decidedly refreshing.

We also received from the same lady a specimen of fine strawberries, and regret that the birds destroyed the largest intended for us.

A FESTIVAL.—We understand that a grand Festival will come off at the Court House on Saturday evening, the 11th June inst., for the benefit of the Excelsior Brass Band of this place. The gentlemen of the Band are now having built by Mr. Owen Boat, a splendid Band Wagon, and we hope our citizens will not be backward in helping to pay for it. The ladies of the town, those who feel like encouraging the young gentlemen of the Band, will be at liberty to contribute the cakes for the occasion.

A DELICIOUS PRESENT.—On Tuesday evening last, we received a small box from the hands of our townsman, Mr. John Read, Druggist, and supposing at the time that it contained some new medical preparation for the cure of the consumption or something else, we opened it carelessly, but judge of our surprise when our eyes fell upon the finest specimens of strawberries we have seen for many a day. We cannot believe there are any in town as large and delicious as those received from Mr. Read, if there are, we should like to be convinced of the fact.

☞ We understand that our literary friends on the hill, intend giving an entertainment on the evening of the Fourth of July.—Go in gentlemen, we know you have the material, if you only use it right. We expect a treat on that occasion, so do your prettiest.—Patriotic speeches, essays, and music, will be the programme of the evening. We know the Continentals can draw a crowd, and we feel confident the eloquent oratory of some of our Standing-Stone Literary friends can do the same.

☞ Violins, Guitars and Accordeons, for sale at Lewis' Cheap Book, Stationery and Music Store.

MR. EDITOR.—One evening last week, I was presented with two of the most beautiful Bouquets I have seen this season, and, Mr. Editor, allow me to tip my beaver, and return my unfeigned thanks to the fair donors, with a wish that they may always remember those connected with newspapers, either as editors, reporters, or compositors, and that their pathway through this "vale of tears" may be pleasant and smooth, and be strewn with flowers far more beautiful and lovely than those presented to me.

Politics are on the stand-still platform just at present, except with the candidates for office, and they are so numerous, that it takes a pretty smart fellow to count them all.—Everything is, as it were, dead. Some of the candidates in the Opposition ranks are getting tired of a politician's life already.—Some are withdrawing and others are entering into the arena of political celebrity.—Hope *none* of the aspirants will be disappointed.

The *Bald Hornet* is numbered with the things that were talked of once. Its editor has turned his attention to the "manly art" of self-defence. He tried his skill at the business one day last week, and, my informant tells me, that he "didn't want to hurt the man." You know, Mr. Editor, that editors are generally very docile, and will harm no person, provided they can get a chance to run.

Pugilism seems to be *the* order of the day. Since my last, their has been no less than seven "bruisers and shoulder hitters" in the ring. However, no lives were lost and no bones broken but any amount of pith and hair had to suffer. Who's to blame? I *paws* for a reply. EX-REPORTER.

THE FROST ON SATURDAY NIGHT.—We had a heavy frost here, and we suppose everywhere else, on Saturday night last, which took down beans, tomatoes, pumpkins, squashes, &c., &c., almost clean—still there will be a full and plenty, only a little later in the season. The grape crop has been slightly injured. As far as we have been able to learn from the farmers, the grain has been but slightly injured.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.—We learn that W. J. Geissinger, of this place, will be a candidate for nomination in the Opposition ranks, for County Treasurer. Bill is one of our Continentals, and sings like a "Martingale," and should he get the nomination, we may expect to hear of him giving free concerts in every township in the county.

A DEFENCE of ARMAGEDDON, or *Our Great Country Foretold in the Holy Scriptures*. In two Discourses.—Delivered in the Capitol of the United States, at the Request of several members of Congress, on the Anniversary of Washington's Birth-day, 1857.

This is one of the most popular books of the day—just issued from the press, and for sale at Lewis' Cheap Book, Stationery and Music Store.

READ THIS.—A mistake occurred in the date of the sale of the Real Estate of Samuel Caldwell, dec'd. The date in the bills was printed Wednesday June 23d, it should be Wednesday June 22d. Persons on the lookout for speculations, should not neglect to attend the sale.

FOURTH OF JULY.—Our citizens are requested to meet at the Court House on Saturday evening next, to make arrangements for a proper celebration on the 4th. Let the big gun be brought out—and give the little, as well as the big folks, a chance to spread themselves

BRIEF LOCALS FOR THE WEEK.—Six-and-a-half men fights—six dog fights—ten drunks—everybody's beans down—ditto, Central Bank promises to pay—a Circus coming to-morrow—and no demand for printing "20 per cent. cheaper than any other office."

HARD UP.—A few evenings since we heard a candidate for nomination in the Opposition party declare that he had but one herring and a spoonful of flour in his house. We did not believe him, but his story convinced us that he would be a hard man to beat.

INKS AND FLUIDS.—Arnold's, Hodgson's, and Harrison's Writing Fluids—Bussier's, Harrison's, and Hoover's Black, Red and Blue Inks, Copying Fluids, and Indelible Inks, just received, and for sale at Lewis' Book and Stationery Store.

FIRE.—On Sunday morning last, about 11 o'clock, a house on the corner of Church and Montgomery streets, occupied by Mr. John Pope, caught fire from the chimney, but was extinguished before any material damage was done.

AMUSEMENTS FOR CHILDREN.—"The Pet Alphabet"—"Big and Little A B C, with Picture Books"—for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

☞ We neglected to notice in our last, that James Bricker had received a splendid new stock of goods. Give him a call and see for yourselves.

☞ We are requested to state that John S. Miller, of the Jackson Hotel, is not the Miller who came in contact with our Postmaster a few days since.

IMPORTANT.—The Hollidaysburg *Standard* is authorized to say that J. D. Leet, of that place, *is not, at present*, a candidate for Governor or any other office.

☞ Prof. T. McCauley Ballintine, A. M., of Cumberland College, Ky., is expected to deliver a course of lectures at the Cassville Seminary in a few weeks.

SHEET MUSIC.—A catalogue of sheet music will be found on first page. Any piece will be sent by mail on receipt of price.


**HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,**
PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON,
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
*Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.*

Every family should have a bottle of these Bitters in the house.

ONE DOSE will instantly relieve a sick stomach.

ONE DOSE will cure the most distressing heartburn.

ONE DOSE will allay any agitation of the nerves.

ONE DOSE taken an hour before meals, will give a good appetite.

ONE DOSE will, in many cases, cure the most severe headache, when proceeding from a disordered stomach.

These Bitters can be obtained at any Druggist's or seller of Patent Medicines in the United States and Canadas. Price 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.


**MODERN INVENTIONS.**

We know of no invention of modern times that deserves or is destined to occupy a higher niche in the temple of fame, than the discovery or invention of the Vegetable Epiletic Pills for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all the various modifications of Nervous Disease. *Dr. Seth S. Hance*, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., the inventor, is certainly entitled to the best wishes of all the benevolent portion of mankind, who experience a pleasure by the alleviation of human suffering. When Dr. Hance first prepared these Pills, he intended them solely for Fits, Cramps and Spasms; but subsequent experience satisfactorily proved to him, that in addition to their remarkable sanative properties in this class of diseases, they exerted a perfect control over the entire nervous system. He was then induced to try them in cases of Neuralgia, Tic-Doloreux, Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Incipient Paralysis, Hysteria, Muscular Debility, and a host of minor diseases, springing from a lack of nervous energy, in all of which his anticipation were crowned with the most sanguine success. Persons at a distance, by writing and sending a remittance to Dr. Hance, can have the medicine forwarded by mail to their post office address, he paying the postage. The prices are for a single box, $3, two boxes, $5, or $24 per dozen. We have given his address above.

**MARRIED,**

On the 2d inst., by Rev. S. H. Reid, Mr. HENRY S. WHARTON to Miss ANNA MCMURTRIE, both of Huntingdon.

**DIED,**

In Juniata township, on Saturday the 4th June, 1859, of scarlet fever, CLARA E., daughter of William and Jane Speck, aged 1 year 6 months and 20 days.

**PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.**

MONDAY, June 6.—There is no export demand for Flour, but prices have undergone no change, and the sales are mostly to supply the wants of the trade at prices ranging from $6,75 to $7,50 for common superfine and extra, and $7,75 to $8,50 ℔ bbl for extra family and fancy brands, as to quality. Standard superfine is quoted at $6,75@7 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are quiet; the former is held at $4,50@4,75, and the latter at $4 for Penna Meal, without sales to any extent. About 2,000 bus Wheat have been disposed of at 163@168c for fair and prime Reds, the latter for Southern; 17Cc for good mixed, and 170@172c for fair White; prime lots are scarce. Rye comes in slowly, and Penna sells in a small way at 92c. Corn is very dull, and sales of 3,000 bus prime Yellow are reported at 90@91c afloat, closing at the former figure. Oats are steady at 52c for prime Penna, but without much doing.


DISSOLUTION of PARTNERSHIP.—The co-partnership herefore existing under the firm of Simpson, Megahan & Co., miners and dealers in Broad Top Coal, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of June instant.
SIMPSON, MEGAHAN & CO.
June 8, 1959.

The business will be continued by W. Megahan & Co. All orders should be addressed to B. L. Megahan, General Agent, McConnellstown, Pa.
W. MEGAHAN & CO.
June 8, 1859.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, to distribute the proceeds of the sale of the real estate of Peter C. Swoope, amongst those legally entitled thereto, hereby gives notice to all persons interested, that he will attend at his office in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 2d day of July next, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of making said distribution, when and where all persons having claims against said fund, are required to present the same or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.
THEO. H. CREMER,
June 8, 1859-4t. Auditor.

MARSHALL'S PATENT SHOE-MAKER'S ASSISTANT LAST HOLDER.
This machine is designed to hold *a Boot* or *Shoe* of every size, and also in every desired position, for Pegging, Sewing, Paring Off, Buffing, Setting up Edges, &c., thus rendering it unnecessary for the Operator to hold his work either in his hands, upon his knees, or against his breast. He can stand or sit at pleasure. It has also a Lap-Iron attached. The whole apparatus is strong, durable, light, compact and portable.
By the use of this machine, the business in question is greatly facilitated, and also rendered one of the most healthful and pleasant occupations among the mechanical arts.
The above Invention needs only to be seen to be appreciated.
STATE AND COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE BY
T. W. MAYHEW,
*Lancaster City, Pa.*
☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜
June 8, 1859-6m.


VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold at public outcry,

On Wednesday 22d day of June next,

At the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

450 acres of land, in the name of James Old, in Dublin and Springfield townships, bounded by John Minich on the north, land of Minich, Long & Peterson and others, on the east, and Stacy Young on the west.

10 acres of land in Black Log Valley, being part of a survey in the name of John Duffee, adjoining land of Greenberry Ramsey and others.

440 acres of land on Shade Mountain, in the name of James McMullen, adjoining land in the name of Jacob Weaver, on the south by land of Samuel Bolinger, John Bolinger and others on the west, and land of John Humphrey on the north.

61 acres of land in Shirley township, adjoining land of A. P. Wilson on the north, land of Brewster on the west and north, and land called Cornelius land, on the east. Warranted in the name of Samuel Caldwell.

44 acres of land in Franklin township, warranted in the name of D. Caldwell, adjoining land of John Canna on the west, Shoenberger's land on the north, and land of William M. Lyon & Co., on the east.

100 acres of land in Walker township, adjoining land of Breneman, land of Daniel Africa and others. Warranted in the name of Samuel Caldwell.

110 acres of land in Union township, adjoining land of Jacob Breneman on the east, and land of John S. Isett on the west and north, and others on the south.

12 acres of land in Union township, adjoining land of Thomas Irvin on the west and north, and land of Hampson's on the east and south. Warranted in the name of Samuel Caldwell.

440 acres of land in the name of William Watson, situate on Stone Mountain, adjoining land in the name of John Watson on the south, and James Dean on the north.

400 acres of land warranted in the name of Robert Johnston, situate in Jackson township, adjoining lands warranted in the name of John Work, Charles Caldwell, Henry West and William Johnston.

400 acres of land warranted in the name of Charles Caldwell, situate in Jackson township, adjoining land warranted in the name of Robert Caldwell on the north, Robert McClelland on the east, Alex. Johnston on the south, and Robert Johnston on the west.

400 acres of land in Jackson township, warranted in the name of James West, adjoining lands warranted in the name of William Johnston, Henry West, Andrew Boyd and George Wice.

400 acres of land in Jackson township, warranted in the name of Samuel Steel, adjoining land warranted in the name of Jonathan Beestly, Wm. Steel, John Gelbraeth and others.

The undivided one-fourth of 400 acres of land on Broad Top Mountain, warranted in the name of William Spring, adjoining lands of McCanless and others.

145 acres of land in Cromwell township, warranted in the name of Joseph Grub.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the balance one year thereafter, to be secured by judgment or mortgage.

By Order of Orphans' Court.

D. CALDWELL,
Adm'r of Samuel Caldwell, dec'd.

Huntingdon, May 18, 1859.

NOTICE to the Tax Collectors of Huntingdon County.—You are requested to make a special effort to meet the August Interest. Persons holding county Orders, will please exercise a little patience, as I have already largely advanced beyond the receipts of the county. As I will be absent for a few weeks, persons having business in my office, will please call on Major G. W. Garrettson, at the Banking House of Bell, Garrettson & Co.

Huntingdon, June 1, 1859. F. H. LANE, Treasurer.


J. BRICKER'S
J. BRICKER'S
J. BRICKER'S
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
MAMMOTH STORE
IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE
IS THE PLACE
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.
FOR DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, &c.

GREAT EXCITEMENT
AT THE
MAMMOTH STORE!!
J. BRICKER has returned from the East with a tremendous Stock of Goods. They are upon the shelves in his New Rooms, on Hill street, near M'Ateer's Hotel, ready for customers.
His Stock consists of every variety of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DRY GOODS, GENERALLY,
GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE AND GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY AND CEDARWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
And everything to be found in the most extensive stores.
His Stock is New and of the Best, and the public are invited to call and examine, free of charge.
Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

NEW ERA.
As times and seasons have changed, so has the firm of Love & McDivitt changed to T. P. LOVE.
His old friends and patrons and all new ones, will find him THERE! at his old stand in Market Square, willing and ready to accommodate all, at cash prices. Country produce, and cash in particular, taken in exchange for Goods. Call and see.
The business of the old firm will be settled by T. P. Love, and persons knowing themselves indebted, will confer favor by calling immediately.
Notes taken (where no money can be had) in exchange for old accounts, by
T. P. LOVE.
Huntingdon, June 1, 1859.

DESILVER'S NEW SUPER IMPERIAL SHEET MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR, Embracing a full Map of Europe, and complete Maps of Sardinia and Lombardy, Austria and Italy. The whole embodied in one super imperial sheet, size 36 by 44 inches, furnishing such reliable geographical information, as cannot be procured from any other source.
This sheet also contains statistics, carefully compiled from the latest reliable authorities, giving the strength of the armies and navies of the Powers of Europe, with brief accounts of the Leaders and Generals of the opposing armies, in the present struggle. Also
CORRECT AND HANDSOME PORTRAITS OF
Louis Napoleon III, Emperor of France; Alexander II, Emperor of all the Russias; Francis Joseph I, Emperor of Austria, and Victor Emanuel II, King of Sardinia.
The great success attending the publication of Desilver's small steel plate "Map of the Seat of War," has induced the publisher to issue this extended Map, prepared from steel plates, rendering it vastly superior to the common Lithographic Maps, now issued. This splendid Map will be furnished at the following low prices:
Handsomely Colored, in cases........$1 00
" " in sheets........50
Or either of the maps of Europe, Austria, Sardinia and Lombardy, or Italy, furnished separately, in sheets, colored, at 25 cents.
Published and for sale by
CHARLES DESILVER,
No. 714 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.
☞ The Maps can be obtained of Booksellers, News Agents, &c., generally, throughout the United States, and are also furnished in cases by G. G. EVANS, Philadelphia, and EVANS & CO., New York.
They will be forwarded by mail, post paid, on receipt of advertised price.
☞ *Agents wanted to canvass for this Map, in all sections of the Union. Terms liberal.*
June 1, '59

READ! READ!! READ!!!
ESENWEIN'S AROMATIC BALSAM,
Is a *remedy* not to be excelled for the *relief* and *cure* of those maladies incident to the *Summer Season*, viz:
DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA OR CHOLERA MORBUS, VOMITING, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, etc.
Its excellent Carminative powers, pleasant taste and soothing influence, renders it a valuable remedy in *Infantile* diseases, peculiar to the Second Summer, viz:—*Cholera Infantum, etc.* It has a reinvigorating and tonic influence on the system, allaying inflamation where it exists in the stomach and bowels—and on trial will be found indispensable to the well being of every family. It will be found as well adapted to Adults as Children.—*Try it.*
Prepared only by
A. ESENWEIN, *Dispensing Chemist*,
N. W. Cor. NINTH & POPLAR Sts., PHILADELPHIA.
☞ PRICE 25 cts. per BOTTLE.
☞ Sold by J. Read, Huntingdon, and by Druggists and Storekeepers generally.
May 25, 1859-1y.


CLASSIFICATION of Merchants in Huntingdon county, by the Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, for the year commencing the 1st day of May, 1859.

| | Class. | License. |
|---|---|---|
| *Alexandria Borough and Porter Township.* | | |
| George C. Bucher, | 13 | $10 00 |
| Henry C. Walker, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Samuel Hatfield, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John R. Gregory, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Barree Township.* | | |
| Samuel W. Myton, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Jas. C. Walker, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Cyrus A. Cresswell, | 14 | 7 00 |
| E. W. Hill & Co., | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Brady Township.* | | |
| Eby & Co., | 13 | 10 00 |
| Edward Green & Co., | 14 | 7 00 |
| Henry Jamison, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Samuel Sechrist, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Cassville and Cass Township.* | | |
| Jos. P. Heaton | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Carbon Township.* | | |
| R. B. Wigton, | 13 | 10 00 |
| *Clay Township.* | | |
| Richard Ashman, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Benedict Stevens & Co., | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Cromwell Township.* | | |
| Thomas E. Orbison, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Etnier & Burket, | 13 | 10 00 |
| *Dublin Township.* | | |
| James Cree, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Andrew Wilson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Geo. A. Lyon, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Franklin Township.* | | |
| J. W. Mattern, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Shorb, Stewart & Co., | 13 | 10 00 |
| G. & J. H. Shoenberger, | 12 | 12 50 |
| James Gardner, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Huntingdon Borough.* | | |
| Fisher & McMurtrie, | 12 | 12 50 |
| Benj. Jacobs, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Moses Strous, | 13 | 10 00 |
| D. P. Gwin, | 13 | 10 00 |
| D. Dunn & Co., | 13 | 10 00 |
| G. A. Miller, | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. Willoughby, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Henry Roman, | 14 | 7 00 |
| James Bricker, | 14 | 7 00 |
| W. & J. Carmon, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas Love, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Levi Westbrook, | 14 | 7 00 |
| William Colon, | 14 | 7 00 |
| William Stewart, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Joseph Reigger, | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. W. Dutcher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| David Grove, | 14 | 7 00 |
| M. Gutman & Co., | 14 | 7 00 |
| S. S. Smith, | 14 | 7 00 |
| William Lewis, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Frank Helfright, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Hopewell Township.* | | |
| L. & S. Weaver, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Jackson Township.* | | |
| Freedom Iron Co., | 13 | 10 00 |
| Samuel W. Myton, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Wm. H. Harper, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Robert McBurney, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Morris Township.* | | |
| Wm. Davis, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Hammond, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Joseph Law, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thos. W. Graffius, | 14 | 7 00 |
| R. A. Dorsey, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Penn Township.* | | |
| Henry Strouse, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Douglass & Johnston, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Shirley Twp. and Shirleysburg Borough.* | | |
| W. A. Fraker, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Bare & McLaughlin, | 12 | 12 50 |
| Doyle, Foust & Doyle, | 13 | 10 00 |
| William B. Leas, | 13 | 10 00 |
| William Johnston, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Springfield Township.* | | |
| George Sipes, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Tell Township.* | | |
| J. H. Blair & Co., | 14 | 7 00 |
| George Noss, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Tod Township.* | | |
| R. H. Powell, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Simon Coen, | 14 | 7 00 |
| N. G. Horton, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Union Township.* | | |
| Orbison & Bear, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Walker Township.* | | |
| Joseph Douglass, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Benjamin Jacobs, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *Warriormark and Birmingham.* | | |
| James Clark & Son, | 13 | 10 00 |
| George Guyer, Jr., | 14 | 7 00 |
| S. Fox, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John R. Thompson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| *West Township and Petersburg.* | | |
| Benjamin Hartman, | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. Cresswell & Son, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Jno. R. Hunter, | 14 | 7 00 |
| L. G. Kessler, | 14 | 7 00 |
| **PATENT MEDICINES.** | | |
| *Huntingdon.* | | |
| John Read, | 3 | 10 00 |
| *Petersburg.* | | |
| Joseph Johnston, | 4 | 5 00 |
| *Shirleysburg.* | | |
| W. P. McNit, | 4 | 5 00 |
| **DISTILLERIES AND BREWERIES.** | | |
| Robert Massey, | 9 | 25 00 |
| James K. Isett, | 9 | 25 00 |
| Wm. M. & J. C. Crownover, | 9 | 25 00 |
| Isenberg & Conner, | 9 | 25 00 |
| John Smith & Co., | 9 | 25 00 |
| **MILLS.** | | |
| Fisher & McMurtrie, | 14 | 7 00 |

Classification of Eating Houses, &c., under the 4th Section of the late License Law.

| | Class, | License. |
|---|---|---|
| *Huntingdon Borough.* | | |
| Henry Africa, | 8 | 10 00 |
| George Thomas, | 8 | 10 00 |
| Christian Schneider, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Petersburg Borough.* | | |
| Rudolph Neff, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Alexandria Borough.* | | |
| John Holmes, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Morris Township.* | | |
| Samuel Beegle, | 8 | 10 00 |
| Alex. S. Seeds, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Cromwell Township.* | | |
| R. S. Star, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Penn Township.* | | |
| James Ellis, | 8 | 10 00 |
| *Shirley Township.* | | |
| Christian Lutz, | 8 | 10 00 |
| **BILLIARD SALOON.** | | |
| *Huntingdon.* | | |
| E. C. Summers, | | 30 00 |
| **BROKERS.** | | |
| *Huntingdon.* | | |
| Bell, Garretson & Co., | | 30 00 |

An appeal will be held by the undersigned at any time up to the 15th day of July, at the Commissioners Office.—Persons wishing to appeal, will please apply within the time prescribed, as the law prohibits any appeal after that time.

HENRY W. MILLER,
*Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes.*

Notice is hereby given that all Licenses not lifted previous to, or during the August Court, will be left in the hands of a Justice of the Peace for collection.

F. H. LANE,
May 25, 1859. *County Treasurer.*

PUBLIC SALE.

In pursuance of an Order of Court, I will offer for sale in this place, on Saturday the 18th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon, on the corner of Smith and Church streets, fronting two hundred feet on each, adjoining lots of Robert King on the east, and the public Cemetery on the north, being two hundred feet square, and known as the lot belonging to the "Protestant Episcopal Church." The lot will be sold whole or by sub-divisions, as may command the best price.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the sale is confirmed, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest from the day of confirmation, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage or judgment notes of the purchaser.

FRAS. B. WALLACE,
Huntingdon, May 18, 1859. Trustee.


MOST ASTONISHING NEWS!
DAVID GROVE
*BROKE OUT IN HIS OLD PLACE,*
*On Hill street, down town, nearly opposite Miles & Dorris' Office.*
A *splendid stock of new goods*, consisting of the varieties of goods to be found in the stores of Huntingdon, just received and ready for sale at low prices.
Give him a call and examine his goods and prices.
Huntingdon, May 18-4t.

$800—THE SUBSCRIBERS wish to employ an active reliable man in every county, to travel and take orders by sample for KENNEDY'S MEDICATED SEGARS AND TOBACCO. Will pay a salary of $600 to $800 per year, payable monthly. For sample and full particulars address
KRUGER & PRESTON,
Tobacconists,
May 18, 1859. 29 William-st., New York.


AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, Auditor, to distribute amongst those entitled, the money in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of the Real Estate of Andrew P. Owens, will attend to the duties of his said appointment, and meet all parties interested, at the Prothonotary's Office, in the borough of Huntingdon, on Saturday the 2d day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

THOMAS P. CAMPBELL,
May 18, 1859. Auditor.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

(*Estate of Samuel Thompson, dec'd.*)

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, I will expose to public sale on the premises, in Petersburg, on FRIDAY THE 17TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late of Samuel Thompson, dec'd, viz:

Three lots in the Borough of Petersburg, in said county, numbered 126, 120 and 29, each fronting sixty feet on the respective streets, and extending back one hundred and fifty feet. On lot 126 is a two story plastered dwelling house, a small shop, a stable, &c., adjoining Henry Helfright on the south, and S. D. Myton's heirs on the north. On lot No. 120, is a two story frame dwelling house, adjoining John R. Hunter on the south, and Abraham Cresswell on the north.

Lot No. 29 is a vacant lot adjoining lots of Dr. Henry Orlady, on the north and south.

Also, a small lot or tract of unimproved land in Henderson township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of William Dorris on the south, and lands of Dr. Peter Shoenberger's estate on the north, containing about sixteen acres.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the sale is confirmed by the Court, and the residue to be paid in two equal annual payments, with interest from the day of confirmation, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

GRAFFUS MILLER,
Huntingdon, May 18, 1859. Trustee.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of ESTHER COX, late of Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN OWENS,
May 11, 1859.* Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration, on the Estate of WILLIAM BORING, late of Union tp., Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

THOMAS BORING,
May 11, 1859. *Administrator.*


NEW MARBLE YARD
*IN HUNTINGDON,*
ON MIFFLIN STREET, BETWEEN SMITH AND FRANKLIN.
JAMES M. GREEN informs the citizens of the county generally, that he has opened a MARBLE YARD at the above place, and is prepared to finish marble to order in the best workmanlike manner.
TOMB STONES, BUREAU and STAND TOPS, &c., furnished on short notice, and at reasonable prices.
He hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
Huntingdon, May 4, 1859-1y.


ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN McCAHAN, late of Walker township, Huntingdon co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby notifies all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

STEPHEN McCAHAN,
May 4, 1859. *Administrator.*


GREAT ARRIVAL
OF BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c.
LEVI WESTBROOK,
Has just opened one of the best stocks of BOOTS AND SHOES that ever came to the ancient borough. Ladies, gentlemen, old and young, cannot fail to be suited at his Store. For every style of Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear, manufactured of the best material, call at Westbrook's.
LASTS, AND MOROCCO SKINS.
Also—HATS and CAPS for men and boys.
His assortment of goods is too large to enumerate. Call and examine for yourselves.
Don't forget that his Store is now two doors east of the "Globe" building.
Huntingdon, May 4, 1859.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed upon envelopes, call at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

WRAPPING PAPER!
A good article for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.




MEDICAL SCIENCE.
The history of "HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS," the most remarkable medicine of the day, and the many cures that have been performed with it in cases of LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, and diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, place it among the most astonishing discoveries that have taken place in the medical world. The diseases to which these Bitters are applicable are so universal, that there are but few of our friends who may not test their virtues in their own families or circle of acquaintances, and prove to their own satisfaction that there is at least one remedy among the many advertised medicines, deserving the public commendation. It is a fact that, in the minds of many persons, a prejudice exists against what are called Patent Medicines; but why should this prevent you resorting to an article that has such an array of testimony to support it as Hoofland's German Bitters? Physicians prescribe it, Why should *you* discard it? Judges, usually considered men of talent, have and do use it in their own families. Why should *you* reject it? Clergymen, and those the most eminent, take it; why should not *you?* Let not your prejudice usurp your reason, to the everlasting injury of your health; if you are sick, and require a medicine, try these Bitters.
These Bitters are prepared and sold by Dr. C. M. Jackson, No. 418 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., and by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle. See that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle.
May 11, 1859-1y.

GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
*CONFECTIONARIES & NOTIONS.*
G. A. MILLER informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, Confectionaries, &c., and that he will try to accommodate his customers with the best.
He also has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, and other goods.
Thankful for past favors, he hopes to merit a continuance of the same.
Dont forget the place, in the old Temperance Hall building. [Huntingdon, April 20, 1859.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
*DENTIST,*
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,
*HILL STREET,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.
W. & H. WILLIAMS, Proprietors.
The best accommodations for man and beast. Give us a trial and be convinced. [April 13, '59.

H. K. NEFF, M. D.,
*PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.*
OFFICE, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
April 13, 1859.

FARREL, HERRING & CO.'S
PATENT CHAMPION SAFE.
LATE FIRE AT DUBUQUE, IOWA,
DUBUQUE, Jan. 7, 1859.
Gents: I am requested by Mr. T. A. C. Cochrane, of this place, to say to you that on the morning of the 4th inst., about 3 o'clock, his store took fire, and the entire stock of goods was destroyed. The heat became so suddenly intense that none of the goods could possibly be saved; but fortunately his books and papers, which were in one of your Champion Safes, were all preserved perfectly. And well they may be called Champion, for during the whole conflagration there was one incessant pouring of flame directly upon the safe which contained them. And still, upon opening it, the inside was found to be scarcely warm, while the outside was most severely scorched. Yours truly,
N. A. McCLURE.
Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar-Proof Safes with HALL'S PATENT POWDER PROOF LOCKS, afford the greatest security of any safe in the world. Also Sideboard and Parlor safes, of elegant workmanship and finish, for plate, &c.
FARREL, HERRING & Co., have removed from 34 Walnut street, to their new store, No. 629 Chestnut street. (JAYNE'S HALL,) where the largest assortment of Safes in the world can be found.
FARREL, HERRING & CO.,
629 CHESTNUT STREET,
(*Jayne's Hall,*)
April 13, 1859-3m. Philadelphia.

JACKSON HOTEL,
*RAILROAD STREET,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.
JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
Travelers, and citizens of the county, are informed that no pains will be spared to make them feel comfortable and at home at this House. [April 6, '59.

MANSION HOUSE,
*HILL STREET,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.
CHRISTIAN COUTS, Proprietor.
My old patrons and the traveling public in general, may expect warm receptions and good accommodations.
April 6, 1859.

JOY TO THE ADMIRERS OF A FINE HEAD OF RICH GLOSSY HAIR.
Talk of beauty, it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.
PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased in scalp, to use it: and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curls, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.
The Agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks since:
DEEP RIVER, CONN, July 23, 1856.
Mr. Leavenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together. I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased one bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing; it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length *where it was all off*. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer of this. I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here. Yours with respect.
RUFUS PRATT
PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1856.
PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact BALD. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it.
Yours respectfully, D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 464 Vine street.
VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1853.
PROF. O. J. WOOD: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years been in the habit of using other Hair Restoratives, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress on which it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair.
Respectfully yours, WILSON KING.
O. J. WOOD & Co., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.
And sold by all good Druggists. [je9-1y-mar30'59]

WOSTENHOLMS' Celebrated IXL Knives and Razors, for sale by
JAS. A. BROWN.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

# THE GLOBE.

Huntingdon, Wednesday, June 8, 1859.

## A Tale of Horror.

One of the dread mysteries of Mormondom which the United States Judges in Utah are endeavoring to unravel, greatly to the consternation of the "Saints," is the horrible massacre, at Mountain Meadows, of one hundred emigrants, on their way from Arkansas to California. At the time we were told that the unfortunate victims fell under the weapons of the Canosh band of Paravant Indians; but various subsequent developments have established the conviction that these were merely tools in the hands of the Mormons themselves. An eye witness of the transaction has been found at last, and from an official source at Salt Lake, a statement of his account of the affair has been sent to the San Francisco *Bulletin*. He says the massacre was designed and carried into execution for mere purposes of plunder, to get possession of the thirty wagons and seven or eight hundred head of cattle belonging to the emigrants. The witness says:—

"While I was residing at Cedar city, I was called upon by Messrs. Isaac Hight, John D. Lee and John Higbee—all three, Mormon military officers—to go a few miles out south of the city, which I did. There I found 30 or 40 others, selected from different settlements. We were addressed by the above officers, who told us that they had sent out Canosh, the Paravant Chief, with his warriors, to destroy the Arkansas company, and that if he had not done it, we must; and that if any of them refused, or betrayed them to the Americans, they would take good care of him hereafter. Here we were all ordered on the quick march to the Mountain Meadows, where we found the emigrants, with their wagons formed into two circles, with their families in the midst, trying to defend themselves against the merciless and blood thirsty savages, who lay around in ambush, killing them as opportunity presented. Hight and Lee formed their men into two companies, and made a precipitant rush at the poor defenceless victims. The men inside of the circle rose up, but instantly fell dead or mortally wounded, under the fire of the wretches who so cruelly sought their lives. Nothing remained to be done, except to kill the frightened females, and their innocent children clasped in their arms. Others clung with desperation, to their bleeding, dying husbands, pleading in vain for mercy at the hands of the 'Christians,' who controlled the now more savage Indian assailants. John D. Lee, now sent to the Indian Chief and his men in ambush, to come out and finish the survivors, directing him to spare only the little children who could not talk. The savages came instantly, with knives drawn, and speedily finished the bloody work. The scene beggars description. The demoniac yells of the savage monsters, mingled with the shrieks and prayers of helpless mothers and daughters, while the death blows were dealing with unflinching hands, and scalps were torn from heads which bloomed with beauty and innocence but a few hours before. Now the work of butchering ended. The murderers threw the dead into two heaps, covered them slightly with earth, and left them 'to feed the wolves and birds of prey,' and returned home with their bloody booty of cattle and wagons, and a great quantity of goods, etc."

The narrator of the above facts also furnishes the following statement of crimes within his knowledge. He says:—

"G. D. Potter, William Parrish and Beetson Parrish were all murdered on the road to Springville, in the month of March, 1857. All that is requisite to bring the murderers to justice, is a thorough investigation by the United States Courts. Henry Forbes came into Springville last winter, from California, and put up with J. Terry, one of our bishop's policemen. A short time after he was missing, and has never returned. His horse, saddle and revolver were sold by Terry, and put to his own use."

## The Coming Crops.

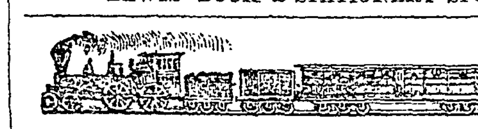
If we can believe reports from all sections of the Union, the prediction may be made with safety, that the crop of the present year will be fully thirty per cent. over that of 1858. This is most encouraging, not only to the farmer, but to all branches of industry, a full crop sets the wheels of business going, and infuses life and movement into all the industrial pursuits of life. Not only will the yield by the acre be unusually large, but the number of acres planted is much greater than in any year for the last quarter of a century.—In the old States this is the case to a great extent, but it is particularly noticeable in the comparatively young States of the West, while from the fresh, virgin soil of the Territories, wheat, corn, and other cereals, will be sent into market in measureless profusion.

One effect of the large yield will be to wipe off old scores between the farmers of the West and the merchants and manufacturers of the Eastern and Atlantic States. The demand for breadstuffs in Europe will make them sought after in all the shipping ports, and upon these sales will be based a new line of trade in such articles as are needed in the different localities. When wheat, corn and flour is of ready sale then the farmers can buy, and the merchants will require heavy stocks. The signs of the times indicate a sure return of prosperity to every part of our country, and all should unite in accelerating the speed of the movement. The holders of produce must act wisely and send it forward at the earliest possible moment. By doing this, we will reach the foreign markets at an early day, and also prevent the whole matter being prostituted to scheming, speculating purposes. More than this, the sooner the produce is sold, and the proceeds received either in money or goods, the sooner the tide of prosperity will turn back upon the producing classes, and benefit all concerned in the different branches of industry.—*Pennsylvanian.*

An Old Man in Love.—In Albany, an old gentleman worth some half a million of dollars, fell desperately in love with his servant girl. He proposed and was accepted, but the old gentleman's children learning how matters stood, threatened him with a berth in the Lunatic Asylum. He became alarmed at this, and finally told the girl "it couldn't be did." Young lady hears the announcement, and then talks of "cold pizen" and blasted hopes. She consults a lawyer and threatens to make Rome howl. Her lawyer brings suit for breach of promise, and to get out of the scrape, the old gentleman pays $2,500.

☞ Late accounts from Mexico state that there was a movement at the capital in favor of Santa Anna's return, with a view to harmonize the Mexican interests, and settle the difficulties at present existing.


BLANK BOOKS
Of any size or pattern not upon our shelves, will be furnished to order at City prices. Call at
*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*



SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.—On and after Wednesday, April 13th, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

Morning Train leaves Huntingdon at 9.25 A. M., connecting with through Express west and Mail Train east on Pennsylvania Railroad, running through to Hopewell, where Passengers take Stages for Bloody Run, Bedford, Schellsburg, Fulton county, &c.

Evening Train leaves Huntingdon at 5.00 P. M., connecting with Mail Train west on Pennsylvania Railroad, running to Coalmont and intermediate Stations.

RETURNING.

Morning Train leaves Hopewell at 12.20 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 2.32 P. M.

Evening Train leaves Coalmont 7.00 P. M., Saxton 7.36 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 9.12 P. M., connecting with Fast Line Eastward on Penna. railroad.

These Trains will be run strictly according to time table, and the traveling public can rely upon being accommodated to the fullest extent.

JNO. J. LAWRENCE, *Superintendent.*
April 13, 1859.

TAILORING! TAILORING!!
*ROBERT KING,*
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

Most respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he has removed to one door west of Carmon's Store, on Hill street, where he is prepared to make to order, in the best and most fashionable style, Coats, Vests and Pants.

He also informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINS and TRIMMINGS, which he will sell at fair prices. Those in want of a good Coat, Vest, or pair Pants, will call and examine his stock.
Huntingdon, April 6, 1859.




HARDWARE
FOR THE MILLION!!!

JUST RECEIVED AND READY FOR SALE,
*AT CITY PRICES,* BY
JAMES A. BROWN.

This arrival of Goods exceeds all others in importance, 1st. Because it supplies "*The People*" with *indispensable* articles, and many useful inventions which can be found ONLY in a HARDWARE STORE.

2nd. The Subscriber, purchasing in large quantities from manufacturers, is enabled to Sell these Goods from

20 TO 100 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than they are usually sold by other merchants. His stock includes a complete variety of

BUILDING-HARDWARE, MECHANICS' TOOLS, CUTLERY, HOLLOW-WARE, OILS, PAINTS, SADDLERY, VARNISHES, GLASS, CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, STEEL, IRON, CHAIN PUMPS, LEAD PIPE, MOROCCO and LINING SKINS, &c.,

Together with a full assortment of everything pertaining to his line of business.

☞ All orders receive prompt attention. ☜
Huntingdon, April 6 1859. JAS. A. BROWN.

H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!
H. ROMAN!

NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED.
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,
NEW CLOTHING
JUST RECEIVED,

Call at Roman's Clothing Store for your Clothing.
April 6, 1859.

BLINDS AND SHADES,
CHEAP FOR CASH.
B. J. WILLIAMS, No. 16 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, is the largest manufacturer of WINDOW BLINDS, and dealer in WINDOW SHADES, of every variety.

He is the Originator of all New Styles, and has a fine Stock to be sold at *reduced prices*, BUFF, AND ALL OTHER COLORS OF LINEN SHADES, TRIMMINGS, FIXTURES, &C.

STORE SHADES painted to order.

☞ B. J. W. Invites Citizens of this County to call before purchasing, and assures them he can sell a better article for the money than any other Establishment in the United States. [march 23, '59-3m.

NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.
J. W. DUTCHER,
*WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,*

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon, vicinity, and surrounding country, that he has commenced business in the room formerly occupied by Levi Westbrook, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

WATCHES and CLOCKS repaired in the best workmanlike manner.

His stock of WATCHES and JEWELRY is of the best. All of which he will dispose of at reasonable prices.

The public generally, are requested to give him a call and examine his stock. [March 2, 1859.]

THE PARIS MANTILLA EMPORIUM, No. 708 Chestnut street, (above 7th,) Philadelphia.

The subscribers respectfully invite the attention of *Ladies* to their collection of ELEGANT MANTILLAS, adapted for *Spring* and *Summer*; comprising every description and variety of fabric in medium and high priced goods—
Solid Silk Mantillas,
Silk and Lace Mantillas,
Paris Lace Mantillas,
English Lace Mantillas,
Chantilly Lace Mantillas,
Guipure Lace Mantillas, &c., &c.

This department of *Ladies* attire, being a *speciality* with the subscribers, they are enabled to offer advantages not to be met with in Dry Goods Establishments.

J. W. PROCTOR & CO.,
No. 708 *Chestnut St., Philadelphia.*
March 16, 1859-3m.

MAIL ROUTE BETWEEN SPRUCE CREEK AND SPRINGFIELD FURNACE AND WILLIAMSBURG.—To the Traveling Public!—Having purchased the Mail Routes from Spruce Creek to Williamsburg, and from Williamsburg to Springfield Furnace, together with the stock upon said routes, the subscriber is now prepared to carry passengers from Spruce Creek to Williamsburg and return daily, and between Williamsburg and Springfield Furnace tri-weekly. Hacks will leave Spruce Creek daily at 1 o'clock, P. M., (on arrival of the cars,) and Williamsburg daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 o'clock, A. M.

PHILIP HOOVER.
Tyrone City, January 26, 1859.-6m.

READY RECKONER.
A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

SCHOOL BOOKS,
Generally in use in the Schools of the County, not on hand, will be furnished to order, on application at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

ALMANACS FOR 1859,
For sale at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

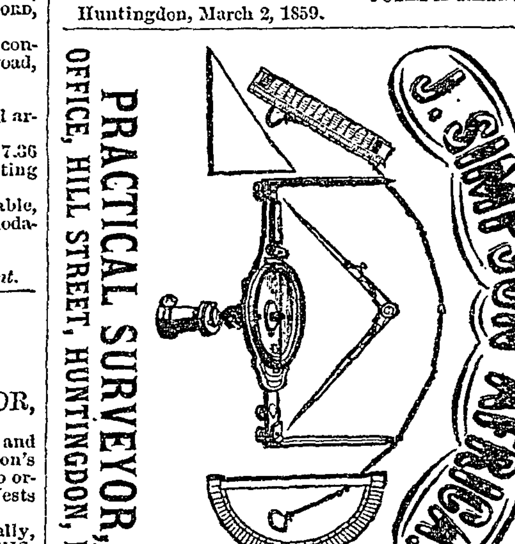
PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

NOTICE TO ALL!! ☜

The subscriber, who has for more than one year, carried on business in company with Messrs. F. Brandy, H. Gin, P. Whiskey, and Mr. Lager Beer, has this day *dissolved partnership with the above firm!* All claims against the old firm will be paid by the subscriber, and all those indebted to the firm will pay him.

*CLOCKS, WATCHES* and *JEWELRY* will always be repaired. A good stock of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry will be kept on hand for customers who may favor him with a call.

JOSEPH REIGGER.
Huntingdon, March 2, 1859.




HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE! WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!
☞ The Original and Best in the World!! ☜

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided, if you wish to escape ridicule.

GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR, Dyed instantly to a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the Hair of his patrons of his Famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is warranted not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of Bad Dyes remedied; the Hair invigorated for Life by this Splendid Dye.

Made, sold, or applied (in 9 private rooms) at the Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

☞ The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving, on four sides of each Box, of
WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR,
233 Broadway, New-York.

☞ Sold by JOHN READ, Huntingdon, Pa.
[November 17, 1858, 1y.]

WIGS—WIGS—WIGS.
BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES surpass all. They are elegant, light, easy and durable.

Fitting to a charm—no turning up behind—no shrinking off the head; indeed, this is the only Establishment where these things are properly understood and made.
[Nov. 17, 1858, 1y.] 233 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.—In all diseases, inflammation, more or less, predominates—now, to allay inflammation, strikes at the root of disease—hence an immediate cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR and nothing else, will allay inflammation at once, and make a certain cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR will cure the following among a great catalogue of diseases:—Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Chafes, Sore Nipples, Corns, Bunions, Bruises, Strains, Bites, Poison, Chilblains, Biles, Scrofula, Ulcers, Fever Sores, Felons, Ear Ache, Piles, Sore Eyes, Gout, Swellings, Rheumatism, Scald Head, Salt Rheum Baldness, Erysipelas, Ringworm, Barber's Itch, Small Pox, Measles, Rash, &c., &c.

To some, it may appear incredulous that so many diseases should be reached by one article; such an idea will vanish when reflection points to the fact, that the salve is a combination of ingredients, each and every one applying a perfect antidote to its apposite disorder.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR in its effects is magical, because the time is so short between disease and a permanent cure; and it is an extractor, as it draws all disease out of the affected part, leaving nature as perfect as before the injury. It is scarcely necessary to say that no house, work-shop, or manufactory should be one moment without it.

No Pain Extractor is genuine, unless the box has upon it a steel plate engraving, with the name of Henry Dalley, Manufacturer.

For sale by all the Druggists and patent medicine dealers throughout the United States and Canadas.

☞ Principal Depot, 165 Chambers St., New York.
C. F. CHACE.

☞ Sold by JOHN READ, Huntingdon, Pa.
[November, 17, 1858, 1y.]

NEW BOOKS!
FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

THE HOUSE: A New Pocket Manual of Rural Architecture; or, How to Build Dwellings, Barns, Stables, and Out Dwellings of all kinds. With a Chapter on Churches and School-Houses. Price, 50 cents.

THE GARDEN: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Horticulture; or, How to Cultivate Vegetables, Fruits, and Flowers. With a Chapter on Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. Price, 50 cents.

THE FARM: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Agriculture; or, How to Cultivate all the Field Crops. With an Essay on Farm Management, etc. Price, 50 cents.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS: A New Pocket Manual of Cattle, Horse, and Sheep Husbandry: or, How to Breed and Rear the Various Tenants of the Barn-yard, etc., etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO TALK: A New Pocket Manual of Conversation and Debate, with Directions for Acquiring a Grammatical Style, and more than Five Hundred Common Mistakes Corrected. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO BEHAVE: A New Pocket Manual of Republican Etiquette, and Guide to Correct Personal Habits; with Rules for Debating Societies and Deliberative Assemblies, etc. Price, 50 cents.

HOW TO DO BUSINESS: A New Pocket Manual of Practical Affairs and Guide to success in Life; with a Collection of Business Forms, and a Dictionary of Commercial Terms, etc. Price, 50 cents.

THE PRESBYTERIAN PSALMIST.
A collection of tunes adapted to the Psalms and Hymns of the Presbyterian Church in the United States America, For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

BOOK BINDING.
Old Books, Magazines, or publications of any kind, bound to order, if left at
*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

ST. VINCENT AND VISITATION MANUALS, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY AND MUSIC STORE.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Old and young can be fitted at BENJ. JACOBS' store in Market square, Huntingdon, Pa. (oct28.)

J. BRICKER'S Mammoth Store is the place to get the worth of your money, in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BUTCHER-KNIVES and Carvers, in great variety, for sale at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN.

GROCERIES, &c., &c.—Call at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices. (oct28.)

BLASTING POWDER and SAFETY-FUSE, for sale low, at the Hardware Store of
JAS. A. BROWN.

VARNISH! VARNISH!!
ALL KINDS, *warranted good*, for sale at
BROWN'S Hardware Store,
April 28, 1858—tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

LADIES, ATTENTION!—My assortment of beautiful dress goods is now open, and ready for inspection. Every article of dress you may desire, can be found at my store. D. P. GWIN.

SILK BONNETS, latest styles, in great variety, and very cheap, at the mammoth store of
D. P. GWIN.

CLOAKS, TALMAS, RIGOLETTES, Victorines and Head Dresses are sold at prices, which defy competition, by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

RENEWING HIS STOCK.
Call at S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY for everything fresh and good.

OSGOOD'S Series of School Books, For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

INKS.
A superior article of writing Inks for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

GUM SHOES, cheaper at D. P. Gwin's than can be had in town. Call and see them.

PLATFORM SCALES,
Of every description, suitable for Railroads, &c., for weighing hay, coal, ore and merchandise generally. Purchasers run no risk, every scale is guaranteed correct, and if, after trial, not found satisfactory, can be returned without charge.

☞ Factory at the old stand, established for more than thirty-five years.

ABBOTT & CO.,
Corner of Ninth and Melon streets, Philadelphia.
March 23, 1859-3m.

GROVER & BAKER'S CELEBRATED FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
*New Styles—Prices from $50 to $125. Extra Charge of $5 for Hemmers.*

495 Broadway,..............New York.
730 Chestnut street,..............Philadelphia.

These Machines sew from two spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no re-winding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand-needle, as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for *one cent an hour*, and are, unquestionably, the *best Machines* in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing—executing either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company beg leave to respectfully refer to the following

TESTIMONIALS.

"Having had one of Grover & Baker's Machines in my family for nearly a year and a-half, I take pleasure in commending it as every way reliable for the purpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—*Mrs. Joshua Leavitt, wife of Rev. Dr. Leavitt, Editor of N. Y. Independent.*

"I confess myself delighted with your Sewing Machine, which has been in my family for many months. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing, by simply changing the spools of thread."—*Mrs. Elizabeth Strickland, wife of Rev. Dr. Strickland, Editor of N. Y. Christian Advocate.*

"After trying several different good machines, I preferred yours, on account of its simplicity, and the perfect ease with which it is managed, as well as the strength and durability of the seam. After long experience, I feel competent to speak in this manner, and to confidently recommend it for every variety of family sewing."—*Mrs. E. B. Spooner, wife of the Editor of Brooklyn Star.*

"I have used a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine for two years, and have found it adapted to all kinds of family sewing, from Cambric to Broadcloth. Garments have been worn out without the giving way of a stitch. The Machine is easily kept in order, and easily used."—*Mrs. A. B. Whipple, wife of Rev. Geo. Whipple, New York.*

"Your Sewing Machine has been in use in my family the past two years, and the ladies request me to give you their testimonials to its perfect adaptedness, as well as labor-saving qualities in the performance of family and household sewing."—*Robert Boorman, New York.*

"For several months we have used Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and have come to the conclusion that every lady who desires her sewing *beautifully and quickly* done, would be most fortunate in possessing one of these reliable and indefatigable 'iron needle-women,' whose combined qualities of *beauty, strength and simplicity*, are invaluable."—*J. W. Morris, daughter of Gen. Geo. P. Morris, Editor of the Home Journal.*

Extract of a letter from Thos. R. Leavitt, Esq., an American gentleman, now resident in Sydney, New South Wales, dated January 12, 1858:

"I had a tent made in Melbourne, in 1853, in which there were over three thousand yards of sewing done with one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and a *single* seam of that has outstood all the *double* seams sewed by sailors with a needle and twine."

"If Homer could be called up from his murky hades, he would sing the advent of Grover & Baker as a more benignant miracle of art than was ever Vulcan's smithy. He would denounce midnight shirt-making as 'the direful spring of woes unnumbered.'"—*Prof. North.*

"I take pleasure in saying, that the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained my expectation. After trying and returning others, I have three of them in operation in my different places, and, after four years' trial, have no fault to find."—*J. H. Hammond, Senator of South Carolina.*

"My wife has had one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for some time, and I am satisfied it is one of the best labor-saving machines that has been invented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to the public."—*J. G. Harris, Governor of Tennessee.*

"It is a beautiful thing, and puts everybody into an excitement of good humor. Were I a Catholic, I should insist upon Saints Grover and Baker having an eternal holiday in commemoration of their good deeds for humanity."—*Cassius M. Clay.*

"I think it by far the best patent in use. This Machine can be adapted from the finest cambric to the heaviest cassimere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully than one can imagine. If mine could not be replaced, money could not buy it."—*Mrs. J. G. Brown, Nashville, Tenn.*

"It is speedy, very neat, and durable in its work; is easily understood and kept in repair. I earnestly recommend this Machine to all my acquaintances and others."—*Mrs. M. A. Forrest, Memphis, Tenn.*

"We find this Machine to work to our satisfaction, and with pleasure recommend it to the public, as we believe the Grover & Baker to be the best Sewing Machine in use."—*Deary Brothers, Allisonia, Tenn.*

"If used exclusively for family purposes, with ordinary care, I will wager they will last one 'three score years and ten,' and never get out of fix."—*John Erskine, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have had your Machine for several weeks, and am perfectly satisfied that the work it does is the best and most beautiful that ever was made."—*Maggie Aimison, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I use my Machine upon coats, dressmaking, and fine linen stitching, and the work is admirable—far better than the best hand-sewing, or any other machine I have ever seen."—*Lucy B. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I find the work the strongest and most beautiful I have ever seen, made either by hand or machine, and regard the Grover & Baker Machine as one of the greatest blessings to our sex."—*Mrs. Taylor, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I have one of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines in use in my family, and find it invaluable. I can confidently recommend it to all persons in want of a machine."—*G. T. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I take pleasure in certifying to the utility of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines. I have used one on almost every description of work for months, and find it much stronger and better in every respect than work done by hand."—*Mrs. D. W. Wheeler, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I would be unwilling to dispose of my Grover & Baker Machine for a large amount, could I not replace it again at pleasure."—*Mrs. H. G. Scovel, Nashville, Tenn.*

"Our two machines, purchased from you, do the work of twenty young ladies. We with pleasure recommend the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine to be the best in use."—*N. Stillman & Co., Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine works admirably. I think the stitch and work far superior to that of any Sewing Machine I ever saw. On fine work, I think the Machine would be hard to beat."—*J. W. Davie, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I find the Machine easily managed, very durable, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who wish convenience, economy, and pleasure."—*Mrs. F. Titus, Memphis, Tenn.*

"The Grover & Baker Sewing Machines have given such satisfaction that we cheerfully recommend them to all who wish a good and substantial Sewing Machine. It executes work with much care and speed, and more finely than any other machine I have seen."—*Mrs. R. B. Mitchell, Memphis, Tenn.*

"I am happy to give my testimony in favor of Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfaction it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is by no means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I have seen."—*Mrs. Bryan, wife of Rev. A. M. Bryan, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It affords me much pleasure to say, that the Machine works well; and I do not hesitate to recommend it as possessing all the advantages you claim for it. My wife is very much pleased with it, and we take pleasure in certifying to this effect."—*R. C. Brinkley, Memphis, Tenn.*

"It gives me pleasure to find the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine giving so much satisfaction. I have it in constant use, and find it all that could be desired. It is the most simple and durable machine in use, and I heartily recommend it."—*F. M. White, Memphis, Tenn.*

"Having seen, examined, and used many other kinds of Sewing Machines, I feel free to say, that the Grover & Baker Machines are far superior to all others in use."—*M. Francios Sellz, Nashville, Tenn.*

"I consider my Sewing Machine invaluable, and would not take five times its cost, if I could not supply its place. With it I can do all my family sewing in about one-fourth the time I could with my hands."—*M. J. Scott, Nashville, Tenn.*

☞ SEND FOR A CIRCULAR. ☜

A LOCAL AGENT WANTED.
February 16, 1859.

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PLEASE YOUR CHILDREN!
Call at Lewis' New Book Store, where you will find a choice selection of new and interesting books for children.

WILLIAM AFRICA
HAS AGAIN COMMENCED THE
*BOOT AND SHOE-MAKING,*
ONE DOOR EAST OF H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.

His old customers and the public generally, will give him a call. [Huntingdon, Oct. 26, 1858.]

LIVERY STABLE.—
The undersigned would announce to the people of Huntingdon, and the rest of mankind, that he has purchased the entire Livery Stock of Wm. Williams, and is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call. His stock of Horses, Carriages, &c., are complete for the accommodation of the public, at reasonable prices.

JAMES BRICKER.
P. McAteer, Agent.
Huntingdon, Dec. 29, 1858.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DAVID BLAIR,
Miner and Shipper of Broad Top Coal. Office Huntingdon Pa.

EVANS, WALSH & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal.
Office, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. K. NEFF, M. D., offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office, Hill street, opposite Dr. Luden's.

G. A. MILLER,
Dealer in Groceries, Confectionaries, &c., &c.

C. COUTS,
Proprietor of the Mansion House.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

J. S. MILLER,
Proprietor of the Jackson House.

W. & H. WILLIAMS,
Proprietors of the Franklin House.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN SCOTT. SAMUEL T. BROWN.
SCOTT & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office same as that formerly occupied by Mr. Scott. Huntingdon, Oct. 17, 1853.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. W. DUTCHER,
Watchmaker and repairer, and dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

R. ALLISON MILLER, DENTIST,
Huntingdon, Pa. June 24, 1857.

DR. T. A. LYON, Dentist,
SHADE GAP, Huntingdon couny, Pa.
November 11, 1857.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

JAMES BRICKER,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Founders, Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

MOSES STROUS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, etc.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

BENJ. JACOBS,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Groceries, Queensware, &c. &c.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

FISHER & McMURTRIE, Dealers in Dry Goods, Grain, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

LEVI WESTBROOK,
Dealer in Gentlemen's, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Morocco Lerther, etc.

JOSEPH REIGGER,
Watchmaker and dealer in Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OWEN BOAT,
Carriage and Waggon Manufacturer.

ANDREW MOEBUS,
Proprietor of the Broad Top House.

SIMPSON MEGAHAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal, McConnellstown, Huntingdon county, Pa.

JOHN F. RAMEY, County Surveyor, Huntingdon, Pa. Office on Hill street, one door east of the Huntingdon Marble Yard.

References—L. T. Watson, Philadelphia; J. P. Leslie, Geologist, Philadelphia; Charles Mickley, Rough and Ready Furnace, Hon. Jonathan M'Williams.

RICHARD LANGDON, Miner and Dealer in Broad Top Coal, Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa. [Nov. 3, '58.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.
ISENBERG & CONNOR, are prepared to furnish all orders for ALE, promptly. Address Isenberg & Connor, Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa. [Dec. 8, 1858.]

AMMERMAN & CO., Miners and Dealers in Broad Top Coal, Broad Top, Huntingdon co., Penna. [Nov. 3, 1858.

BROAD TOP HOUSE. ANDREW MOEBUS would respectfully inform the public that he has fitted up the Broad Top House, on Allegheny street, at the Broad Top Depot, Huntingdon, and is now prepared to entertain strangers and travellers in an unobjectionable style.

His table will always be supplied with the substantials and delicacies of the season. His Bar is furnished with the choicest liquors. In a word, no pains will be spared to render guests comfortable and happy. june 18.

☞ COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
Huntingdon, April 14, 1858. H. ROMAN.

HARDWARE!
A Large Stock, just received, and for sale at
BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

DRY GOODS!—A fine assortment on hand for the accommodation of customers, at BENJ. JACOBS' "Cheap Corner," Market Square. (oct28)

STONE-WARE at S. S. Smith's Grocery, 20 per cent. cheaper than any other place in town.

THE MAMMOTH STORE
Is the place for Latest Styles of Ladies' Dress Goods.

GROCERIES
Of all kinds at STROUS' Cheap Store.

FOR EVERYBODY.
TRY THE NEW STORE,
*On Hill Street opposite Carmon's Store.*

THE BEST
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.

ALSO— Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention.

The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.

S. S. SMITH.
Huntingdon, May 25, 1858.

LADIES DRESS GOODS!
A splendid assortment at STROUS' Cheap Store in Market Square. [March 31, 1858.

CLOTHING!
A new arrival for Spring and Summer, at STROUS Cheap Store. Call and be fitted. [March 31, 1858.

GROCERIES,
Of the best, always ready for customers, at
J. BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!! Keep yourself warm. Call at M. GUTMAN & CO'S Cheap Clothing Store, in Long's new building, Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa. A good stock always on hand. (oc28.)

DOUGLASS & SHERWOOD'S Patent Extension Skirts, for sale only by
FISHER & McMURTRIE.

MEN'S Under-Shirts and Drawers, Linen Shirt Fronts, Ready Made Shirts, White & Fancy, Collars, &c., very cheap at D. P. GWIN'S.

BOOKS FOR EVERYBODY!
A large assortment of the most popular and interesting books of the day, just received and for sale at
LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

SUGAR, from 9 to 15 cents, at
S. S. SMITH'S GROCERY.

THE CASSVILLE SEMINARY.
ONLY $22 50 PER QUARTER.

THE PRESENT FACULTY.
M. McN. WALSH, *Principal,*
*Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.*
CHAS. S. JOSLIN, A. M.,
*Prof. of Latin, Greek, etc.*
JAMES W. HUGHES,
*Prof. of Mathematics.*
BENJAMIN F. HOUCK,
*Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.*
GEO. W. LINTON,
*Prof. of Vocal Music.*

Mrs. M. McN. WALSH, *Preceptress,*
*Teacher of Botany, History, Reading, etc.*
Miss E. M. FAULKNER,
*Teacher of Pellis Work, Painting, Drawing, etc.*
Miss D. L. STANLEY,
*Teacher of Piano Music, Wax Fruit, Flowers, etc.*
Mrs. Dr. DARWIN,
*Teacher of English Branches.*
Miss J. M. WALSH,
*Teacher of Primary English.*

The recent success of this School is extraordinary. Besides being the cheapest one of the kind ever established, this Institution is now the largest in this section of the State. All branches are taught, and Students of all ages and of both sexes are received. The expenses for board, room rent, furniture, fuel and tuition in common English, are only $22.50 per quarter. Students can enter whenever they wish. For other information address John D. Walsh, Cassville, Huntingdon county, Pa. [je16-tf.]

THE HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY IN BLAST AGAIN!—The subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have rebuilt the Huntingdon Foundry, and are now in successful operation, and are prepared to furnish Castings of every description, of best quality and workmanship, on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Farmers are invited to call and examine our Ploughs. We are manufacturing the Hunter Plough. This plough took the first premium at the Huntingdon county Agricultural Fair last fall. Also, Hunter's celebrated Cutter Ploughs, which can't be beat—together with the Keystone, Hillside and Bar-shear ploughs. We have on hand and are manufacturing Stoves—such as Cook, Parlor, and Office stoves for wood or coal. Hollow ware, consisting of Kettles, Boilers, Skillets, &c., all of which we will sell cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce. Old metal taken for castings. By a strict attention to business, and a desire to please, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & BRO.
Huntingdon, April 30, 1856.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16, 1855.

THE HUNTINGDON MILL.—The undersigned owners of the Huntingdon Mill inform the farmers and the public generally that they now have their new mill in running order, with all the modern improvements in the Water Wheels and Machinery.

They have put in five of the Improved Jouval Turbine Water Wheels, and can grind in all stages of water, and during the coldest weather any and all kinds of grain.

They are prepared to sell, and have on hand for sale at all times at Market rates all kinds of Flour, Feed, and Stuffs; and Farmers can have their own grain ground and take it back in a return load, or they can be furnished in exchange at a moment's notice, an equal quantity of Flour and Bran, or chopped feed.

Their smut machine is of improved manufacture, and they will insure a "*a full turn out*" of superior quality to every bushel of *grain* left at their mill.

FISHER & McMURTRIE.
Huntingdon, Dec. 8, 1856.

CALL at the new CLOTHING STORE of GUTMAN & CO., if you want a good article of Clothing. Store room in Long's new building, in the Diamond, Huntingdon. Sept. 9, 1857.

SPLENDID RAG CARPET for 37 1-2c per yard, at the cheap Store of
FISHER & McMURTRIE.

OVERCOATS, of all kinds, cheaper than elsewhere, at
Oct. 1, 1856. H. ROMAN'S CLOTHING STORE.

CONFECTIONERIES of the very best. Call at MILLER'S.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, rich styles, and very cheap, at D. P. GWIN'S.

HATS AND CAPS—A fine assortment At BENJ. JACOBS' Store.

FISH—just received, and for sale at the Cheap Grocery of G. A. MILLER.

MOURNING COLLARS—handsome styles, just received by
FISHER & McMURTRIE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Taken in exchange for Goods, at
J. BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

GUTMAN & CO.,
Are selling CLOTHING at exceedingly low prices.—Call and see. [March 31, 1858.

A Splendid Line of Dress Goods—embracing Robes of all kinds, Berages, Chaleys, Lawns Cold Brilliants, Chintzes, &c., can be found at the "Metropolitan."

EVERYBODY BUYS AT BRICKER'S.
Blacksmiths buy at BRICKER'S.
Carpenters buy at BRICKER'S.
Builders buy at BRICKER'S.
Saddlers buy at BRICKER'S.
Shoemakers buy at BRICKER'S.
Cabinetmakers buy at BRICKER'S.
Farmers buy at BRICKER'S.
Housekeepers buy at BRICKER'S.

BUILDERS
Are requested to call and examine the Hardware, &c., at BRICKER'S MAMMOTH STORE.

WHALEBONE, Reed & Brass Hoops, and Reed Skirts, for sale at the Cheap Store of
D. P. GWIN.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, the largest stock ever brought to town, are selling very cheap at FISHER & McMURTRIE'S.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.—A splendid assortment now on hand, at
BENJ. JACOBS' Store.

LADIES COLLARS—Newest Styles—in great variety at the "METROPOLITAN."

THE GREATEST VARIETY of the richest styles of Dress Goods and Trimmings, can always be found at the fashionable store of
FISHER & McMURTRIE.

COAL BUCKETS and Shovels, for sale by JAMES A. BROWN.

COME ONE—COME ALL,
To the Cheap Store of M. STROUS, and examine his New Goods and Prices. [March 31, 1858.

LUMBER!
For sale at D. P. GWIN'S.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS, the largest stock ever brought to town, are selling very cheap, by FISHER & McMURTRIE.

COUNTRY PRODUCE
Received in exchange for New Goods, at M. STROUS, Store. [March 31, 1858.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicinal purposes, at S. S. SMITH'S.

GLASS Preserving Jars, different sizes, for sale cheap, by FISHER & M'MURTRIE.

IF YOU WANT TO BE CLOTHED, Call at the store of BENJ. JACOBS.

CLOTHING!—A large stock on hand, at the cheap store of BENJ. JACOBS. Call and examine goods and prices. (oct28.)

TRACING MUSLIN,
DRAFTING AND DRAWING PAPER,
*White and Colored Card Paper,*
For sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

GUITARS, VIOLINS, Bows, Screws, Bridges, Strings, Rosin, &c., &c., for sale at
Lewis' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

SHOT, Lead, Caps, Powder and Game Bags, for sale at the Hardware Store of
JAMES A. BROWN.